

# NEW MIND

Never lose hope.

You never know

what may happen tomorrow

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|                         |  |                                     |
|-------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| <b>Access</b>           | <b>Find information on computer</b>                  | <b>دخول</b>                         |
| <b>blog</b>             | <b>Personal website</b>                              | <b>مدونة</b>                        |
| <b>calculation</b>      | <b>Using number</b>                                  | <b>حساب</b>                         |
| <b>Computer chip</b>    | <b>Small piece inside computer store information</b> | <b>رقاقة</b>                        |
| <b>Email exchange</b>   | <b>Email between two or more people</b>              | <b>تبادل الايميلات</b>              |
| <b>Floppy disk</b>      | <b>Flexible disk that store computer information</b> | <b>قرص مرن</b>                      |
| <b>ICT</b>              | <b>Information and communication technology</b>      | <b>تكنولوجيا المعلومات والاتصال</b> |
| <b>PC</b>               | <b>Computer used by one person</b>                   | <b>حاسوب شخصي</b>                   |
| <b>post</b>             | <b>Put message on the internet</b>                   | <b>منشور</b>                        |
| <b>Rely on</b>          | <b>Trust in something or someone</b>                 | <b>يعتمد</b>                        |
| <b>Sat nav system</b>   | <b>System tell you where you are</b>                 | <b>نظام الملاحة</b>                 |
| <b>Security setting</b> | <b>Protect your computer from viruses</b>            | <b>اعدادات الامان</b>               |
| <b>Smartphone</b>       | <b>Phone with advanced technology</b>                | <b>هواتف ذكية</b>                   |
| <b>Social media</b>     | <b>Interaction between people on website</b>         | <b>تواصل اجتماعي</b>                |
| <b>Tablet computer</b>  | <b>Mobile computer with touch screen</b>             | <b>تابلت</b>                        |
| <b>whiteboard</b>       | <b>Touch screen computer</b>                         | <b>لوح ذكي</b>                      |
| <b>World wide web</b>   | <b>Known as the Internet</b>                         | <b>الشبكة العالمية العنكبوتية</b>   |
| <b>acupuncture</b>      | <b>Needle are inserted in the skin</b>               | <b>وخز بالابر</b>                   |
| <b>ailment</b>          | <b>illness</b>                                       | <b>وعكة</b>                         |
| <b>allergy</b>          | <b>Sensitive to something</b>                        | <b>حساسية</b>                       |
| <b>antibody</b>         | <b>Substance that fight disease</b>                  | <b>مضاد حيوي</b>                    |
| <b>apparatus</b>        | <b>equipment</b>                                     | <b>جهاز</b>                         |
| <b>appendage</b>        | <b>Body part</b>                                     | <b>طرف</b>                          |
| <b>arthritis</b>        | <b>Disease causing painful of the joints</b>         | <b>التهاب مفاصل</b>                 |
| <b>artificial</b>       | <b>Produced by human beings</b>                      | <b>صناعي</b>                        |
| <b>Bounce back</b>      | <b>Start to be successful again</b>                  | <b>النهوض</b>                       |
| <b>cancerous</b>        | <b>Serious disease cause cancer</b>                  | <b>سرطان</b>                        |
| <b>coma</b>             | <b>unconsciousness</b>                               | <b>غيوبة</b>                        |

|                        |   |                            |
|------------------------|---|----------------------------|
| <b>Commitment</b>      | <b>Promise to do something</b>                      | التزام                     |
| <b>Complementary</b>   | <b>Provides an alternative</b>                      | تكميلي                     |
| <b>conventional</b>    | <b>Used for a long time</b>                         | تقليدي                     |
| <b>Cope with</b>       | <b>Deal successful with situation</b>               | يتكيف مع                   |
| <b>Cross</b>           | <b>angry</b>  | غضب                        |
| <b>Decline</b>         | <b>decrease</b>                                     | ينخفض                      |
| <b>Dementia</b>        | <b>Mental illness</b>                               | جنون                       |
| <b>Drug</b>            | <b>Substance used for making medicine</b>           | دواء                       |
| <b>Expansion</b>       | <b>Making something bigger</b>                      | توسعة                      |
| <b>Focus on</b>        | <b>Direct your attention at something</b>           | يركز                       |
| <b>Healthcare</b>      | <b>Treatment of illness by doctor</b>               | رعاية صحية                 |
| <b>Herbal remedy</b>   | <b>Mixture of a plant used to prevent</b>           | المداواة بالاعشاب          |
| <b>homoeopathy</b>     | <b>System of complementary medicine</b>             | الطب البديل                |
| <b>immunisation</b>    | <b>Protected against an illness</b>                 | التطعيم                    |
| <b>Implant</b>         | <b>Prosthetic device implanted in the body</b>      | زراعة                      |
| <b>Life expectancy</b> | <b>The length of time that is expected to live</b>  | توقعات الحياة              |
| <b>Limb</b>            | <b>Arm or leg of a person</b>                       | طرف                        |
| <b>Malaria</b>         | <b>Dangerous disease by mosquitoes</b>              | ملاريا                     |
| <b>Migraine</b>        | <b>Very bad headache</b>                            | صداع                       |
| <b>Mortality</b>       | <b>Death</b>  | وفيات                      |
| <b>MRI</b>             | <b>Magnetic Resonance Imaging</b>                   | التصوير بالرنين المغناطيسي |
| <b>Obese</b>           | <b>Extremely fat</b>                                | بدين                       |
| <b>Optimistic</b>      | <b>Believing that good things will happen</b>       | تفائل                      |
| <b>Option</b>          | <b>May be chosen</b>                                | خيار                       |
| <b>Outpatient</b>      | <b>Someone who goes to a hospital</b>               | عيادات خارجية              |
| <b>Pediatric</b>       | <b>Deals with children</b>                          | اطفال                      |
| <b>Pill</b>            | <b>Small round piece of medicine</b>                | اقراص                      |
| <b>Practitioner</b>    | <b>Someone who practice a particular occupation</b> | ممارس                      |

|                             |   |                       |
|-----------------------------|---|-----------------------|
| <b>Prosthetic</b>           | <b>An artificial body part</b>                            | <b>صناعي</b>          |
| <b>Radiotherapy</b>         | <b>Radiation</b>  | <b>العلاج بالإشعة</b> |
| <b>Raise</b>                | <b>Bring up a problem</b>                                 | <b>يزيد المشكلة</b>   |
| <b>Reputation</b>           | <b>Common opinion</b>                                     | <b>سمعة</b>           |
| <b>Scanner</b>              | <b>Medical instrument produce images</b>                  | <b>ماسح</b>           |
| <b>Skeptical</b>            | <b>Having doubts</b>                                      | <b>متشكك</b>          |
| <b>Setback</b>              | <b>Problem that delays or stop progress</b>               | <b>انتكاسة</b>        |
| <b>Side effect</b>          | <b>Effect of medicine on your body</b>                    | <b>تأثيرات جانبية</b> |
| <b>Sponsor</b>              | <b>Support a person or an event</b>                       | <b>يدعم</b>           |
| <b>Strenuous</b>            | <b>Needing a lot of effort</b>                            | <b>شديد</b>           |
| <b>Stroke</b>               | <b>Illness when a blood tube in your brain is blocked</b> | <b>صدمة</b>           |
| <b>Symptom</b>              | <b>Physical problem might indicate a disease</b>          | <b>اعراض</b>          |
| <b>Viable</b>               | <b>Effective and able to be successful</b>                | <b>قابل للتطبيق</b>   |
| <b>Ward</b>                 | <b>A room in a hospital</b>                               | <b>اجنحة</b>          |
| <b>Algebra</b>              | <b>Type of mathematics system</b>                         | <b>علم الجبر</b>      |
| <b>Arithmetic</b>           | <b>The branch of mathematics with numerical</b>           | <b>علم الحساب</b>     |
| <b>Artificially-created</b> | <b>Not real</b>   | <b>مصطنعة</b>         |
| <b>Breathtaking</b>         | <b>Wonderful</b>  | <b>هائل</b>           |
| <b>Carbon-neutral</b>       | <b>Carbon dioxide</b>                                     | <b>كربون</b>          |
| <b>Composition</b>          | <b>Piece of music</b>                                     | <b>تأليف</b>          |
| <b>Criticize</b>            | <b>To judge</b>   | <b>نقد</b>            |
| <b>Desalination</b>         | <b>Removing salt from sea water</b>                       | <b>محطة تحلية</b>     |
| <b>Geometry</b>             | <b>The branch of mathematics with properties</b>          | <b>الهندسة</b>        |
| <b>Grid</b>                 | <b>System of wires</b>                                    | <b>خطوط كهرباء</b>    |
| <b>Ground-breaking</b>      | <b>New</b>  | <b>جديد/ جذري</b>     |
| <b>Inheritance</b>          | <b>Money or things you get from someone</b>               | <b>ميراث</b>          |
| <b>Irrigate</b>             | <b>Supply land with water</b>                             | <b>الري</b>           |
| <b>Mathematician</b>        | <b>Person study mathematics</b>                           | <b>علم الرياضيات</b>  |
| <b>Megaproject</b>          | <b>Very large, expensive project</b>                      | <b>مشاريع كبيرة</b>   |

|                       |  |                 |
|-----------------------|--|-----------------|
| <b>Harmony</b>        | <b>Pleasant sound in music</b>                     | العزف           |
| <b>Outweigh</b>       | <b>To be more important than something else</b>    | يفوق            |
| <b>Pedestrian</b>     | <b>Someone who is walking</b>                      | المشاة          |
| <b>Philosopher</b>    | <b>Someone who studies and write philosophy</b>    | فيلسوف          |
| <b>Physician</b>      | <b>Someone qualified</b>                           | طبيب            |
| <b>Polymath</b>       | <b>Someone who has a lot of knowledge</b>          | متعدد الثقافات  |
| <b>Revolutionise</b>  | <b>To change the way people do something</b>       | احداث ثورة/ طور |
| <b>Sustainability</b> | <b>The state of being able to continue forever</b> | مستدامة         |
| <b>Underline</b>      | <b>To highlight</b>                                | يؤكد            |
| <b>Vary</b>           | <b>To differ</b>                                   | مختلف           |
| <b>Zero-waste</b>     | <b>Producing no waste</b>                          | خالي من الفضلات |
| <b>Qualify</b>        | <b>To be entitled</b>                              | جودة            |
| <b>Restore</b>        | <b>To repair a building</b>                        | ترميم           |

|       |        |        |
|-------|--------|--------|
| Shut  | Shut   | Shut   |
| Put   | Put    | Put    |
| Hurt  | Hurt   | Hurt   |
| Let   | Let    | Let    |
| Hit   | Hit    | Hit    |
| Cost  | Cost   | Cost   |
| read  | read   | read   |
| Deal  | Dealt  | Dealt  |
| Burn  | Burnt  | Burnt  |
| Dream | Dreamt | Dreamt |
| Learn | Learnt | Learnt |
| Mean  | Meant  | Meant  |
| Smell | Smelt  | Smelt  |
| Leave | Left   | Left   |
| Hold  | Held   | Held   |
| Hear  | Heard  | Heard  |
| Send  | Sent   | Sent   |
| sit   | Sat    | Sat    |
| Bend  | Bent   | Bent   |
| spend | Spent  | Spent  |
| Build | Built  | Built  |
| Say   | Said   | Said   |
| Pay   | Paid   | Paid   |
| Lay   | Laid   | Laid   |
| Meet  | Met    | Met    |
| Feed  | Fed    | Fed    |
| Sell  | Sold   | Sold   |
| tell  | Told   | Told   |
| Sleep | Slept  | Slept  |
| Keep  | Kept   | Kept   |
| Feel  | Felt   | Felt   |
| lead  | led    | Led    |
| Find  | Found  | Found  |
| get   | got    | got    |
| have  | had    | had    |
| lend  | lent   | lent   |
| Lose  | lost   | Lost   |
| make  | made   | made   |
| shine | Shone  | Shone  |
| spell | spelt  | spelt  |
| stand | stood  | Stood  |
| win   | won    | Won    |
| stick | stuck  | Stuck  |

|         |         |           |
|---------|---------|-----------|
| Run     | Ran     | Run       |
| Come    | came    | Come      |
| become  | became  | Become    |
| Begin   | Began   | Begun     |
| Drink   | Drank   | Drunk     |
| Ring    | Rang    | Rung      |
| Sing    | Sang    | Sung      |
| Swim    | Swam    | Swum      |
| Bring   | brought | Brought   |
| Buy     | Bought  | Bought    |
| Teach   | Taught  | Taught    |
| Catch   | caught  | Caught    |
| think   | thought | Thought   |
| seek    | sought  | Sought    |
| Break   | Broke   | Broken    |
| Choose  | Chose   | Chosen    |
| Write   | Wrote   | Written   |
| Wear    | Wore    | Worn      |
| Wake    | Woke    | Waken     |
| Tear    | Tore    | Torn      |
| Take    | Took    | Taken     |
| Steal   | Stole   | Stolen    |
| Speak   | Spoke   | Spoken    |
| Shake   | Shook   | Shaken    |
| See     | Saw     | Seen      |
| Rise    | Rose    | Risen     |
| Ride    | Rode    | Ridden    |
| Lie     | Lay     | Lain      |
| Hide    | Hid     | Hidden    |
| Go      | Went    | Gone      |
| Give    | Gave    | Given     |
| Forgive | Forgave | Forgiven  |
| Forget  | Forgot  | Forgotten |
| Fall    | Fell    | Fallen    |
| Eat     | Ate     | Eaten     |
| Drive   | Drove   | Driven    |
| Do      | did     | Done      |
| Know    | Knew    | Known     |
| Throw   | Threw   | Thrown    |
| Grow    | Grew    | Grown     |
| Draw    | Drew    | Drawn     |
| Fly     | Flew    | Flown     |
| blow    | blew    | Blown     |

| الأزمنة Tenses  | الشكل Form  | النفى Negative   | السؤال Question   |
|---|---|--|---|
| <b>past simple</b><br>الماضي البسيط<br>past , yesterday , ago , last+وقت , (تاريخ ماضي)2015 | حالة الإثبات في الجملة<br>نضع الفعل ما بين قوسين<br>تصريف ثاني اذا كان<br>الفعل غير منتظم واذا<br>كان الفعل ما بين قوسين<br>منتظم نضع <b>ed</b> | حالة النفي في الماضي<br>البسيط نضع<br>Didn't + V1 (كما هو)   | حالة السؤال في الماضي<br>البسيط نضع<br>Did _____ + V1   |
| <b>Past perfect</b><br>الماضي التام<br>After , before , because                             | V2<br>ed<br>didn't+V  | had + V3<br>hadn't + V3  | ننظر للجملة في الماضي التام : اذا كان بها<br>الفعل كما في المربع الاول نضع المربع<br>الثاني والعكس<br>يجب ان نضع بالفراغ الفعل الناقص<br><b>After we had studied , we slept</b><br>الجملة احتوت على V2 لذلك وضعنا شكل<br>المربع الثاني had+V3 |
| <b>Past continuous</b><br>الماضي المستمر<br>When , while , as                               | V2<br>ed<br>didn't+V  | Was +ing<br>Were+ing   | ننظر للجملة في الماضي التام : اذا كان بها<br>الفعل كما في المربع الاول نضع المربع<br>الثاني والعكس<br>يجب ان نضع بالفراغ الفعل الناقص<br><b>When I studied , I was eating cake</b><br>الجملة احتوت was+ing لذلك وضعنا<br>على المربع الثاني V2 |
| <b>Past perfect Continuous</b><br>الماضي التام المستمر<br>By + زمن ماضي                     | حالة الإثبات نضع<br>بالفراغ<br>had + been + ing<br>يمكن ان يأتي بعد<br>By تاريخ ماضي<br>By فعل تصريف ثاني                                       | حالة النفي نضع بالفراغ<br>hadn't + been + ing<br>•by the time we<br>arrived, they<br><u>hadn't been</u><br><u>waiting us</u> | حالة السؤال نضع<br>بالفراغ<br>Had + been + ing<br>•Had you been<br>waiting by<br>2015?  |

- she ..... her last choice for them last week.  
( gave , was giving , had given )
- we didn't bring them any product after they ..... us to stop working with them.  
( told , had told , were telling )
- while they ..... the class, teacher came.  
( cleaned , had cleaned , were cleaning )
- because she had told us the time of celebration, we ..... camera with us.  
( took , had been taking , was taking )
- While we were watching the show at festival, it .....(rain) .  
( had rained , rained , had been raining )
- By 1988, the government ..... ( build ) two hospitals in our town.  
( built , had built , had been building )

**Answers : gave / had told / were cleaning / took / rained / had been building**

| الأزمنة Tenses   | الشكل Form  | النفي Negative (not)   | السؤال Question  |
|--|---|--|--|
| <b>Present simple</b><br>المضارع البسيط<br>Always ,<br>sometimes ,<br>often , usually ,<br>every+ وقت ,<br>او اذا لم يكن بالجملة<br>اي دليل من الأزمنة<br>المكتوبة | مفرد = She – he – it<br>ننظر الى الفاعل ما قبل<br>الفراغ لو كان مفرد<br>نضيف لآخر الفعل<br>s / es<br>they – you – I – we<br>اذا كان قبل الفراغ فاعل<br>جمع نضع الفعل كما هو                                   | مفرد = She – he – it<br>ننظر الى الفاعل ما قبل<br>الفراغ لو كان مفرد ينفي<br>doesn't + V1<br>they – you – I – we<br>اذا كان قبل الفراغ فاعل<br>جمع ننفيه بـ<br>don't + V1  | مفرد = She – he – it<br>ننظر الى الفاعل ما بين<br>الفراغين لو كان مفرد<br>نضع بالفراغ الاول<br>Does والفراغ الثاني V1<br>they – you – I – we<br>اذا كان ما بين الفراغين فاعل<br>جمع نضع بالفراغ الأول<br>Do والفراغ الثاني V1                                  |
| <b>Present perfect</b><br>المضارع التام<br>Since , for , just ,<br>yet , never , ever<br>, already ,<br>recently , so far  | مفرد = She – he – it<br>ننظر الى الفاعل ما قبل<br>الفراغ لو كان مفرد نضع<br>has + V3<br>they – you – I – we<br>اذا كان قبل الفراغ فاعل<br>جمع نضع بالفراغ<br>have + V3  | مفرد = She – he – it<br>ننظر الى الفاعل ما قبل<br>الفراغ لو كان مفرد ينفي<br>hasn't + V3<br>they – you – I – we<br>اذا كان قبل الفراغ فاعل<br>جمع ننفيه بـ<br>haven't + V3   | مفرد = She – he – it<br>ننظر الى الفاعل ما بين<br>الفراغين لو كان مفرد<br>نضع بالفراغ الاول<br>Has والفراغ الثاني V3<br>they – you – I – we<br>اذا كان ما بين الفراغين فاعل<br>جمع نضع بالفراغ الأول<br>Have والفراغ الثاني V3                                 |
| <b>Present continuous</b><br>المضارع المستمر<br>Now , ! , today ,<br>tonight , at the<br>moment  | مفرد = She – he – it<br>ننظر الى الفاعل ما قبل<br>الفراغ لو كان مفرد نضع<br>is + ing<br>they – you – we<br>اذا كان قبل الفراغ فاعل<br>جمع نضع بالفراغ<br>are + ing<br>واذا كان الفاعل I<br>نضع بالفراغ am+ing | مفرد = She – he – it<br>ننظر الى الفاعل ما قبل<br>الفراغ لو كان مفرد ينفي<br>isn't + ing<br>they – you – we<br>اذا كان قبل الفراغ فاعل<br>جمع ننفيه بـ<br>aren't +ing<br>واذا كان الفاعل I<br>نضع بالفراغ<br>am not +ing | مفرد = She – he – it<br>ننظر الى الفاعل ما بين<br>الفراغين لو كان مفرد<br>نضع بالفراغ الاول<br>Is والفراغ الثاني ing<br>they – you – we<br>اذا كان ما بين الفراغين فاعل<br>جمع نضع بالفراغ الأول<br>Are والفراغ الثاني ing<br>اذا كان الفاعل I نضع<br>Am + ing |
| <b>Present perfect continuous</b><br>المضارع التام<br>المستمر<br>Lately , again ,<br>all+وقت ,<br>How long   | مفرد = She – he – it<br>ننظر الى الفاعل ما قبل<br>الفراغ لو كان مفرد نضع<br>has + been + ing<br>they – you – I – we<br>اذا كان قبل الفراغ فاعل<br>جمع نضع بالفراغ<br>have + been + ing                        | مفرد = She – he – it<br>ننظر الى الفاعل ما قبل<br>الفراغ لو كان مفرد ينفي<br>hasn't + been + ing<br>they – you – I – we<br>اذا كان قبل الفراغ فاعل<br>جمع ننفيه بـ<br>haven't + been+ ing                                | مفرد = She – he – it<br>ننظر الى الفاعل ما بين<br>الفراغين لو كان مفرد<br>نضع بالفراغ الاول<br>Has والثاني been+ing<br>they – you – I – we<br>اذا كان ما بين الفراغين فاعل<br>جمع نضع بالفراغ الأول<br>Have والثاني been+ing                                   |



1. My research paper ..... of four parts.  
 a. consist                                  b. is consisting                                  c. consists
2. Listen! The secretary ..... your name.  
 a. types    b. is typing    c. has typed
3. .... water evaporate at 150° C.  
 a. Is    b. Does    c. Do
4. Don't shout here! Students.....their English exam.  
 a. take    b. are taking    c. have taken
5. Maria usually ..... the piano well.  
 a. plays    b. is playing    c. played
6. Look! The young boy ..... the lion.  
 a. feeding    b. feeds    c. is feeding
7. Jack, your report is O.K but it.....some necessary details.  
 a. lack    b. is lacking    c. lacks
8. The heart ..... its rate of pumping according to activity.  
 a. alters    b. alter    c. is altering
9. The committee members .....out since seven o'clock.  
 a. are    b. have been    c. has been
10. I ..... with my grandmother at the moment.  
 a. stayed    b. am staying    c. stay
11. John .....on his thesis at the moment.  
 a. works    b. has been working    c. is working
12. He ..... financial problems since last year.  
 a. faced    b. was facing    c. has been facing
13. Our neighbour sometimes .....his house and goes to the country.  
 a. leave    b. leaves    c. left
14. Watch out! That blue car ..... you.  
 a. approaches    b. will approach    c. is approaching
15. Nuha .....in England since 1999.  
 a. was    b. had been    c. has been
16. This coat is quite cheap. It .....a lot of money.  
 a. not costs    b. isn't cost    c. doesn't cost
17. They ..... in Chicago for 20 years  
 a. are    b. have been    c. is

**Answers: consists / is typing / Does / are taking / plays / is feeding / lacks / alerts / have been / am staying / is working / has been facing / leaves / is approaching / has been / doesn't / have been.**

| الأزمنة Tenses   | الشكل Form   | النفي Negative  | السؤال Question   |
|--|--|---|---|
| <b>Future simple</b><br>المستقبل البسيط<br>think , hope , maybe<br>, possible , 2050<br>perhaps , tomorrow ,<br>, later , , next+وقت .<br>predict , believe ,<br>sure , maybe ,<br>certain promise ,<br>plan , probable soon | في حال احتوت الجملة<br>على الدلائل السابقة<br>نضع will + V1<br>• I think people<br><u>will live</u> in the<br>Mars.                    | حالة النفي دائما في<br>المستقبل البسيط تكون<br>won't + V1<br>• I <u>won't go</u> to<br>Amman next<br>week.                            | حالة السؤال عند وجود<br>دلائل المستقبل البسيط<br>Will + V1<br>• <u>Will you wait</u><br>me to marry you<br>next year ?                  |
| <b>Future continuous</b><br>المستقبل المستمر<br>in + 'times ,<br>exact ... ,<br>this time+time<br>القرارات اثناء الحديث  | في حال احتوت الجملة<br>على الدلائل السابقة<br>نضع<br>will + be + ing<br>• the phone is<br>ringing I <u>will be</u><br><u>answering</u> | حالة النفي دائما في<br>المستقبل المستمر نضع<br>won't + be + ing<br>• in three week<br>'times , I <u>will be</u><br><u>meeting</u> him | حالة السؤال عند وجود<br>دلائل المستقبل المستمر<br>Will + be + ing<br>• <u>Will you be</u><br><u>standing</u> here this<br>time tomorrow |
| <b>Future perfect</b><br>المستقبل التام<br>By + زمن مستقبل /V1<br>By 2022  | في حال احتوت الجملة<br>على الدلائل السابقة<br>نضع<br>Will + have + V3  | حالة النفي دائما في<br>المستقبل التام<br>won't + have + V3  | حالة السؤال عند وجود<br>دلائل المستقبل التام<br>Will + have + V3  |

- I think, they..... Petra with the archeologists.  
( will be visiting , will have visited , will visit )
- by 2019, the new motorway.....  
( will be opened , will have opened , will open )
- what .....we..... (be, do) in ten years' time?  
( will be doing , will have done , will do )
- we're late, by the time we get to the station, the train.....  
( will be going , will have gone , will go )
- he ..... the notes from his staff by the end of this year.  
( will be receiving , will have received , will received )
- This time next week we ..... at the beach.  
( will be sit , will have sat , will sits )
- My father ..... the newspaper at 8 a.m. tomorrow.  
( will be read , will have reading , will read )
- This time next year, they ..... for their final exams.  
( will be preparing , will have prepared , will prepare )

**Answers : will visit / will have opened / will be doing / will have gone / will have received / will have sat / will read / will be preparing**

**Correct the verbs between brackets then Write the answer down in your ANSWER BOOKLET**

1. This time next year , students will .....for their final exam .  
( **will prepare** , **will have prepared** , **will be preparing** )
2. The workers ..... at the moment. They're on a break.  
( **aren't working** , **have worked** , **work** )
3. The government has ..... lately to raise the citizen's awareness of human rights.  
( **been worked** , **works** , **been working** )
4. Next month , our family ..... in this house for a year .  
( **will have lived** , **are living** , **have lived** )
5. The students in my class ..... about their achievement in science when the bell suddenly rang.  
( **had talked** , **were talking** , **talked** )
6. By the time we arrived , they ..... for an hour .  
( **had talked** , **had been talking** , **was talking** )
7. Next week , we ..... for the final exams .  
( **will be studying** , **are studying** , **have studied** )
8. Will you ..... your homework by seven o'clock?  
( **be doing** , **have done** , **do** )
9. Ali ..... About his friend when he received an email from his son.  
( **was thinking** , **has been thinking** , **thinks** )
10. Eid al-Adha is a celebration that ..... On the 10 of Thu- Alhijja.  
( **begin** , **begins** , **began** )
11. Ibn Rushed who ..... in Cordoba is a famous Islamic polymath.  
( **was born** , **had born** , **burns** )
12. In thirty years' time, scientists ..... a cure for cancer.  
( **found** , **find** , **will have found** , **were found** )
13. ....you ever ..... a camel ?  
( **Have-ridden** , **Are-riding** , **Did-ride** )
14. My father..... to work in his car every morning.  
( **is going** - **goes** - **has gone** )
15. I..... an English sentence now.  
( **have read** - **was reading** - **am reading** )

**Answers : will be preparing / aren't working / been working / will have lived / were talking / had been talking / will be studying / have done / was thinking / begins / was born / will have found / have-ridden / goes / am reading**

- 16.. He..... some money from the bank at this moment.  
( **borrowed - is borrowing - has borrowed** )
17. The government..... already..... A new school in New Zarqa.  
( **has-opened - was-opening - is opening** )
18. What time do you ..... breakfast ?  
( **had - have - had had** )
19. Salem ..... ill since Christmas.  
( **is - had - has been** )
20. Khalid always..... his hands before eating.  
( **washes , is washing , has washed** )
21. ....she..... her room every morning ?  
( **Is-cleaning , Has-cleaned , Does-clean** )
22. ....we ..... this exercise now?  
( **Are-writing , Have-written , Do-write** )
23. The cook..... anything yet.  
( **hasn't-prepared , isn't preparing , doesn't-prepare** )
- 24.Ali ..... his homework every day.  
( **isn't doing , doesn't do , hasn't done** )
25. .... Sameer ever ..... the Taj Mahal?  
( **Has-seen , Is seeing , Does-see** )
- 26..... it ..... hard now  
( **Does-rain , Is-raining , Has-rained** )
27. I don't often ..... coffee.  
( **drink , drank , drunk** )
28. Everything is going well. We.....any problem so far .  
( **don't have , aren't having , haven't had** )
29. Hurry Up! Everybody ..... for you.  
( **have waited , are waiting , wait** )
- 30.What..... you..... for last two hours ?  
( **do-do , are-doing , have-done** )
- 31.They took their baby to the doctor because she.....all night  
( **cry - cried - had cried - will cry** )
32. It is probably that the Bank .....new branches in the future.  
( **open - opened - had opened - will open** )

**Answers : is borrowing / has opened / have / has been / washes / does-clean / Are-writing / hasn't prepared / doesn't go /has-seen / is raining / drink / haven't had / are waiting / have-done / had cried / will open**

33. By the year 2000s, people ..... radios in different sizes.  
( buy - bought - had bought - were buying )
34. The pilot ..... all the flight system before he landed.  
( check - checked - had checked - was checking )
35. This time tomorrow, we ..... to work an hour later .  
( go - will go - will be going - had gone )
36. By the end of this year, we ..... here for ten years.  
( live - lived - will live - will have lived )
37. Before she went to the library, Huda ..... her mother to prepare lunch.  
( help - helped - had helped - will help )
38. There ..... a technological revolution since 1943 CE.  
( be - has been - will be - are being )
39. Hind ..... very hard for several weeks before she did her final exams.  
( work - worked - had worked - will work )
40. I ..... tennis at school every day.  
( am not playing - don't play - won't play - haven't played )
41. She ..... tennis every day.  
( isn't play - won't play - doesn't play - haven't played )
42. What ..... you ..... right now?  
( did \ do - are \ doing - have \ done - will \ do )
43. Look! The sun .....  
( rise - will rise - is rising - have rised )
44. The children ..... already ..... the sandcastle on the beach.  
( build - are building - have built - built )
45. Our neighbour ..... recently ..... to Aqaba.  
( move - moved - are moving - has moved )

**Answers : had bought / had checked / will be going / will have lived / had helped / has been / had worked / don't play / doesn't play / are doing / is rising / have built / has moved**

46. The child has .....all night.  
( **been sleeping - being sleep - are sleep - were sleep** )
47. Children often..... computers better than their parents.  
( **use - are using - used - uses** )
48. I'm .....from Ajloun, but I'm staying in Irbid for a few months.  
I will return to Ajloun in the spring.  
( **coming - come - came - will come** )
49. Nadia has..... her homework for two hours!  
( **been doing - done - did - do** )
50. She..... finished very soon.  
( **is - will be - was - been** )
51. I .....an email when my laptop switched itself off.  
( **was writing - wrote - have written - write** )

**Answers : been sleeping / use / coming / been doing / will be / was writing**

( **intend – plan – hope** )

1. My friends plan to meet each other without me.

My friends .....

عند وجود كلمة **plan / hope / intend** فأننا نحذفها ونضع مكانها **be going to** ليصبح الحل :

**My friends are going to meet each ...**

2. Rana hopes to become a doctor in a big hospital

Rana .....

3. The government intends to make the Jerash camp's street bigger.

The government .....

4. The students are planning to download e-books from the internet.

The students .....

**Answers :**

**1. Rana is going to become ...**

**2. The government is going to make ...**

**3. The students are going to download ...**

## Before / After ( and then )

had

X

Rana drank milk with her brother **and then** she slept in her bed

After .....

**حل جملة After :**

قبل الحل يجب حذف and then ونضع مكانها فاصلة ووضع بعد الفاعل Rana فعل مساعد وهو had ونتأكد ان الفعل بعد الفاعل V3 معلومة : الحل يكون من بداية الجملة

After Rana had drunk milk with her brother , she slept in her bed.

Rana drank milk with her brother **and then** she slept in her bed

Before.....

**حل جملة Before :**

قبل الحل يجب حذف and then ونضع مكانها فاصلة ووضع بعد الفاعل Rana فعل مساعد وهو had ونتأكد ان الفعل بعد الفاعل V3 معلومة : يجب ان نبدأ الحل من بعد and then ونضع الضمير بأسم الفاعل

, she had drunk milk with her brother. Before Rana slept in her bed

5. My brother took his car to the garage and then the workers washed it.

After .....

Before .....

6. Mohammad had his dinner in the garden and then he went to his job.

After .....

Before .....

7. Amer got master's degree and then he moved to Canada.

After .....

Before .....

Answers : After my brother had taken his car to the garage, the workers washed it – before the workers washed my brother's car, my brother had taken it to the garage / After Mohammad had had his dinner in the garden, he went to his job – Before mohammad went to his job, he had had his dinner in the garden / After Amer had got master's degree, he moved to Canada – Before Amer moved to Canada, he had got master's degree.

## Passive (المبني للمجهول)

|   |  |
|---|--|
| <b>past Simple</b> الماضي البسيط  | <b>Form</b> الشكل                                      |
| ed / V2<br>didn't   | was / were + V3<br>wasn't / weren't + V3               |
| <b>present Simple</b> المضارع البسيط  | <b>Form</b> الشكل                                      |
| s/es/مجرد<br>don't doesn't  | is / are + V3<br>isn't / aren't + V3                   |
| <b>Past perfect</b> الماضي التام  | <b>Form</b> الشكل                                      |
| had + V3  | had + been + V3<br>hadn't + been + V3                  |
| <b>Present perfect</b> المضارع التام  | <b>Form</b> الشكل                                      |
| have/ has + V3  | have / has + been + V3<br>haven't / hasn't + been + V3 |
| <b>Modals</b> الأفعال الناقصة   | <b>Form</b> الشكل                                      |
| can/could/will/would/shall/<br>should/may/might/must/<br>have to / has to / had to /<br>be going to | Modals + be + V3                                       |

نضع خط على الجملة المتكررة ومن ثم ننظر الي ما قبلها مباشرة ونحدد زمن الفعل ونتبع الخطوات كما في الجدول

- Ahmad **played** football  
**Football** was played.
- They **didn't buy** a new cars  
**A new cars** weren't bought.
- She **writes** an essay  
**An essay** is written
- The workers **don't build** hotels  
**Hotels** aren't built.
- They **had won** a prize  
**A prize** had been won.
- She **hasn't done** the homework  
**The homework** hasn't been done.
- She **can't read** the book.  
**The book** can't be read

معلومة : يجب ان تميز ما بين have / has / had وما بين have to / has to / had to



1. Students must obey their teacher .  
**Their teacher**.....
2. Ali might build a new villa .  
**A new villa** .....
3. Jordan spends a lot of money on technology.  
**A lot of money** .....
4. I ate two apples yesterday .  
**Two apples** .....
5. The students have passed the exam.  
**The exam**.....
6. John had won two medals.  
**Two medals**.....
7. Somebody has stolen a bus from outside the school.  
**A Bus** .....
8. The boy writes poems  
**poems** .....
9. Westerns know Arabs for their goodness.  
**Arabs** .....
10. The girl drove the blue car.  
**The blue car** .....
11. The teacher may ask someone to open the window.  
**Someone** .....
12. They have to have some solutions.  
**Some solutions**.....
13. They have collected enough money.  
**Enough money** .....
14. They have moved Whole buildings to other places.  
**Whole buildings** .....
15. They will open a new restaurant.  
**A new restaurant** .....
16. The Government planned a new road near my house.  
**A new road** .....
17. The little boy can draw pictures.  
**Pictures** .....
18. The students didn't write the answers in inks.  
**The answers** .....

19. Nobody did the homework.

**The homework** .....

20. The guard watched the prisoner.

**The prisoner** .....

21. The employees have brought up this issue during the meeting.

**This issue** .....

22. They will not play soccer.

**Soccer** .....

23. They sent me some flowers.

**Some flowers** .....

24. She is going to give you a present.

**A present** .....

25. People saw smoke coming out of the forest.

**Smoke** .....

26. The government must save the historical sites.

**The historical sites** .....

27. The farmer must water the plants in order to grow.

**The plants** .....

28. Hatem should send the car to the garage.

**The car** .....

29. The patient must take the medicine on time.

**The medicine** .....

30. Samer must fill in the job application form.

**The job application form** .....

31. Everyone must save the natural resources.

**The natural resources** .....

32. Children mustn't leave bicycles in the driveway.

**Bicycles** .....

33. Many people begin new projects in January

**new projects**.....

34. You must wash that shirt for tonight's party.

**That shirt** .....

35. Mum is going to prepare the food.

**The food**.....

36. They make shoes in that factory.

**Shoes** .....

37. They had finished preparations by the time the guests arrived.  
**Preparations** .....
38. The delegation will meet the visitors at the airport.  
**The visitors**.....
39. We have produced skis here since 1964.  
**Skis** .....
40. All workers will read the memo.  
**The memo**.....
41. They also speak German at EU meetings.  
**German**.....
42. Someone reads the newspaper to him every day.  
**The newspaper**.....
43. The Chinese discovered acupuncture thousands of years ago.  
**Acupuncture**.....
44. The police locked up the criminals.  
**The criminals** .....
45. The robbers made up the story.  
**The story**.....
46. The Browns have built the large house.  
**The large house**.....
47. They gave her a nice present.  
**A nice Present**.....
48. The storm destroyed the house.  
**The house**.....
49. Ben will direct the show.  
**The show**.....
50. The dog has broken the window pane.  
**The window**.....
51. You must pay the bill first.  
**The bill** .....
52. You shouldn't speak to your neighbor.  
**Your neighbor** .....
53. Your impolite tone surprises my friends.  
**My friends**.....
54. An unknown author wrote the book.  
**The book** .....

55. They stole the money out of his dad's room.

**The money**.....

56. Nobody hasn't given out the news yet.

**The news**.....

57. The thieves had stolen all the gold.

**All the gold**.....

58. Edison didn't invent the gramophone.

**The gramophone**.....

59. They might take the old man to the hospital.

**The old man**.....

60. They could have kicked my mum out of the restaurant.

**My mum**.....

### **Answer**

1. must be obeyed
2. might be built
3. are spent
4. were eaten
5. has been passed
6. had been won
7. has been stolen
8. are written
9. are known
10. was driven
11. may be asked
12. have to be had.
13. has been collected
14. have been moved
15. will be opened
16. was planned
17. can be drawn
18. weren't written
19. wasn't done
20. was watched
21. has been brought up
22. will not be played

23. were sent
24. is going to be given
25. was seen
26. must be saved
27. must be watered
28. should be sent
29. must be taken
30. must be filled
31. must be saved
32. mustn't be left
33. are begun
34. must be washed
35. is going to be prepared
36. are made
37. had been finished
38. will be met
39. has been produced
40. will be read
41. is spoken
42. is read
43. was discovered
44. were locked up
45. was made up
46. has been built
47. was given
48. was destroyed
49. will be directed
50. has been broken
51. must be paid
52. shouldn't be spoken
53. are surprised
54. was written
55. was stolen
56. haven't been given

- 57. had been stolen
- 58. wasn't invented
- 59. might be taken
- 60. could have been kicked

لا يمكن تحقيق النجاح إلا إذا أحببت ما تقوم به

**Success can  
only be achieved  
if you love  
what you are doing**

| Verbs followed by “to infinitive”<br>to + V1 الأفعال التي يتبعها | Verbs followed by “Gerund”<br>ing الأفعال التي يتبعها |
|--|---|
| want , plan , hope , afford , intend ,                           | stop , start  |

ننظر الى ما قبل الفراغ ونحدد الفعل اذا كان يحتاج ing او اذا كان يحتاج الى to+V1

- 1-I want to get a apartment but I can't afford \_\_\_ to borrow \_\_\_ money at the moment. ( borrow )
- 2-Some parents stop \_\_\_ dealing\_\_\_ (deal) with their children violently.
- 3-He stop \_\_\_\_\_ (stay) in the house rather than going sightseeing.
- 4-Fatima want \_\_\_\_\_(be) with children very much.
- 5-Rakan plan \_\_\_\_\_(learn) Arabic at school.
- 6-3-I stop \_\_\_\_\_(wait) for a bus but they wanted to walk.
- 7-He is hoping \_\_\_\_\_(study) medicine.
- 8-The car has run out of fuel. We should stop \_\_\_\_\_ ( fill) it with fuel.
- 9-I'm stopping \_\_\_\_\_(download) e-books from the internet.
- 10- We wanted \_\_\_\_\_(play) tennis, but it was rainy.
- 11- When I was younger, I started \_\_\_\_\_(ride) my bike.
- 12- He had a heart attack. He should stop \_\_\_\_\_(smoke) soon.
- 13- I'll intend \_\_\_\_\_(take) more books with me to study.
- 14- I stopped \_\_\_\_\_(run) because I was out of breath.
- 15- Stop \_\_\_\_\_(cry) and tell me what's the matter.

#### Answers :

staying - to be - to learn - waiting - to study - filling -  
 downloading - to play - ridding - smoking -  
 to take - running - crying

## الاستدلال speculation

I am sure that حالة الاثبات = **must**

I am sure that حالة النفي = **can't**

unsure / uncertain / possible / perhaps / probable = **might**

unsure / uncertain / possible / perhaps / probable حالة النفي = **might not**

is / isn't / are / aren't = **be**

was / wasn't / were / weren't = **have been**

### • I am sure that it is raining outside.

It .....

نحدد الجملة اذا منفية ام مثبتة

استبدال I am sure that ونضع مكانها **must** لانها حالة اثبات وليست نفي

ومن ثم نحدد الجملة اذا كان بها **is / isn't** نحذفها ونضع مكانها **be** ونكمل بقية الجملة

واذا كانت الجملة تحتوي على **was / wasn't** نحذفها ونضع مكانها **have been** ونكمل بقية الجملة

### • I am sure that it is raining outside.

**It must be raining outside**

1. Perhaps Sami's phone is broken.

Sami's phone .....

2. I am sure that he wasn't studying hard.

He .....

3. It's probable that the car wasn't damaged

The car .....

4. I am sure that they are here.

They .....

1. Sami's phone **might be broken.**

2. He **can't have been studying hard**

3. The car **might not have been damaged.**

4. They **must be here.**



not allowed to = **mustn't**  
 allowed to = **can**  
 isn't necessary to = **don't have to**  
 is necessary to = **have to**  
 intend / plan / hope = **be going to + V1**

- They **aren't allowed to** wear this jacket

**They mustn't wear this jacket.**

1. It is necessary to write the answers in ink.

**You** .....

2. She is allowed to meet him in the boulevard.

**She** .....

3. He isn't allowed to travel abroad because he is wanted.

**He** .....

4. It isn't necessary to speak loudly in the mosque.

**You** .....

5. You aren't allowed to leave your car here .

**You**.....

6. It is necessary to study well for the exam .

**You** .....

7. It isn't necessary to come to school on Friday .

**You** .....

8. You aren't allowed to sleep late.

**You**.....

9. It is necessary to write the exam in pencil.

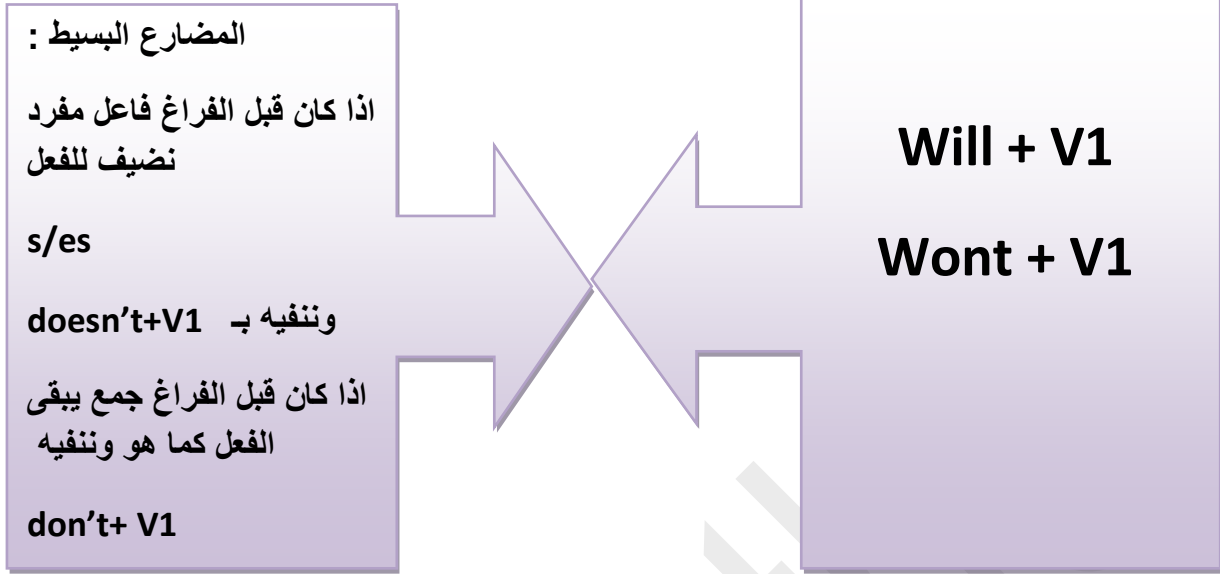
**You**.....

10. She allowed to wear a red jacket.

**She**.....

1. **You have to write the answers in ink.**
2. **She can meet him in the boulevard.**
3. **He mustn't travel abroad because he is wanted.**
4. **You don't have to speak loudly in the mosque.**
5. **You mustn't leave your car here.**
6. **You have to study well for the exam**
7. **You don't have to come to school on Friday.**
8. **You can't sleep late.**
9. **You have to write the exam in pencil.**
10. **She can wear a red jacket**

## الشرطية If conditionals



ننظر للجملة المكتوبة : اذا كان بها if ننظر للفاعل ما بعد if ومن ثم نحدد الفعل بعده ويجب ان يكون الفعل مضارع بسيط كما هو مكتوب اعلاه حتى نضع بالفراغ will

- If you **forget** the book, I \_\_\_\_\_ you. (hit)  
الجواب will + v1
- If he \_\_\_\_\_ hard, He **will pass** the exams. (study)  
الجواب يكون studies

وضعنا للفعل s لان will موجودة لذلك ننظر ما قبل الفراغ والفاعل مفرد فنتبع قاعدة المضارع البسيط ولو كان نفي نضع doesn't + V1 لان المفرد بالمضارع البسيط ينفي بذلك

الماضي البسيط :

نضع الفعل تصريف ثاني او  
نضيف الى اخره

ed

وننفيه بـ

didn't + V1

would + V1

wouldn't + V1

- If you **forgot** the book, I \_\_\_\_\_ you. (hit)  
الجواب يكون would + v1
- If he \_\_\_\_\_ hard, He **would pass** the exams. (study)  
الجواب يكون studied

وضعنا ed لان would موجودة لذلك ننظر ما قبل الفراغ والفاعل مفرد فنتبع قاعدة الماضي البسيط ولو كان نفي نضع didn't + V1 لان الماضي البسيط ينفي بذلك

لكي تنجح .. يجب على رغبتك في  
النجاح ان تفوق خوفك من الفشل

In order to succeed ...  
your desire to succeed  
must outweigh your fear  
of failure

### Correct the verbs between brackets.

1. If you..... computer games all day, you won't have time to study. (play)
2. If she ..... to see us, we will go to the zoo. (come)
3. Would you mind if I ..... the window? (open)
4. If I ..... it, nobody would do it. (not, do)
5. If he ..... hard, He will pass the exams. (study)
6. If I were you, I ..... their invitation. (accept)
7. If the weather ..... nice, we will go for a walk. (be)
8. If I had more time, I ..... another language. (learn)
9. If Ali had his computer, he .....to use his friend's computer. (not, need)
10. If I had time, I ..... (go) shopping with you.
11. If you..... (*speak*) English, you will get along with them perfectly.
12. My friend ..... (*meet*) me at the station if he gets the afternoon off.
13. If my father ..... (*not /pick*) me up, I'll take the bus home.
14. If we meet at 9:30, we..... (*have*) plenty of time.
15. Lisa would find the milk if she..... (look) in the fridge.
16. If you spoke louder, your classmates..... (understand) you.
17. Dan ..... (arrive) safe if he drove slowly.
18. If Salma ..... (*swim*) in this lake, she'll shiver from cold.
19. If I ..... (be) rich, I would travel around the world.
20. If you press that button, the machine ..... (work)
21. If Majed focuses on driving more, he..... any accidents. (not make)
22. If Hadeel..... (walk) faster, she won't be late.
23. Our team would win the match if they..... (play) enthusiastically.
24. If I..... (be) you, I would stay at home.
25. You won't finish on time if you..... (not work) harder.
26. I..... (not buy) these things if I were you.
27. If you go to Egypt, what..... (you visit) ?
28. What..... (you do) if you were me?
29. We will have to walk if we..... (run out) of petrol here.
30. I will send you a message if I..... (know) your email address.
31. If Hadeel eats too much chocolate, she..... (gain) weight fast.
32. If it is too cold, the river..... (freeze)
33. if I come to see you tomorrow, I..... (bring) the books.
34. if he..... (leave) school he will go to university.
35. We will come and visit you if it..... (rain).
36. If Ali runs all the way to the station, he..... (catch) the bus.
37. If I were you, I..... (take) care of my health.

38. We will come back if the storm..... (get) worse.
39. My mother..... (feel) sick if she eats fish.
40. if Rawan studies hard, she..... (pass) her exams.
41. if you keep silent, I..... (help) you.
42. You will make progress in English as long as you..... (study) every day.
43. Maha will not get better if she ..... her medicines. (take)
44. if you offer him a good price, Ahmad..... (not sell) you his car.
45. Majed will get the job provided that he..... (do) well in the interview.
46. You would get a reward if you..... (do) well in the exam.
47. If you.....a high grade, you'll attend the university. (get)
48. If he.....me tonight, I'll have enough money for the tickets. (pay)
49. If he smokes so much, he.....rid of his cough. (not, get)
50. If they .....hardworking, they'll get a good result. (be)
51. If this car costs too much money, I.....it. ( not \ buy)
52. If the weather .....nice tomorrow, we will go on a picnic. ( be )
53. If I .....enough time tomorrow, I'll write to my parents. ( have )
54. I .....a tomato salad for the picnic tomorrow if the tomatoes in my garden are ripe. (make)

### Answers

1. play
2. comes
3. opened
4. didn't do
5. studies
6. would accept
7. is
8. would learn
9. wouldn't need
10. would go
11. speak
12. will meet
13. doesn't pick
14. will have
15. looked
16. would understand
17. would arrive
18. swims

19. were
20. will works
21. won't make
22. walks
23. played
24. were
25. don't work
26. wouldn't buy
27. will you visit
28. would you do
29. run out
30. know
31. will gain
32. will freeze
33. will bring
34. leaves
35. rains
36. will catch
37. would take
38. gets
39. will feel
40. will pass
41. will help
42. study
43. takes
44. won't sell
45. does
46. did
47. get
48. pays
49. won't get
50. are
51. wont buy
52. is
53. have
54. will make

إعادة الصياغة بهذه القاعدة تكون على اعطاء النصيحة ...

كل ما عليك هو ان تحذف I think you should وتستبدلها بـ If I were you, I would ونكمل الجملة

- **I think you should** check the spelling of the new learnt words in the dictionary.

**If I were you , I would** check the spelling of the new learnt words in the dictionary.

1. I think you should choose the perfect one .

If .....

2. I think you should meet him to know that he was good person

If .....

3. I think you should study hard to get high grade.

If .....

4. I think you should learn a new language to learn more.

If .....

5. I think you should talk to her in that moment.

If .....

6. I think you should invent something that not exist.

If .....

1. If I were you , I would choose the perfect one .

2. If I were you , I would meet him to know that he was good person

3. If I were you , I would study hard to get high grade.

4. If I were you , I would learn a new language to learn more.

5. If I were you , I would talk to her in that moment

6. If I were you , I would invent something that not exist

### to make

Heat the water to make to it boil.

If \_\_\_\_\_

في هذه الحالة نتبع هذه القواعد:

1. نحذف to make ووضع مكانها فاصلة

2. ما قبل الفاصلة يتم كتابته كما هو ولكن نضع بداية الجملة الاولى you

3. وبعد الفاصلة نضع للفعل s ويكون الفعل اخر الجملة

**If you heat the water , it boils**

**Press that button to make the picture move.**

If \_\_\_\_\_

**If you press that button , the picture moves**

## Reported speech الكلام المنقول

Present → past → past perfect ( had+V3)

|          |          |
|----------|----------|
| will     | would    |
| can      | could    |
| shall    | should   |
| may      | might    |
| must     | Had to   |
| Has/have | Had      |
| Does/do  | did      |
| did      | Had done |

|              |                           |
|--------------|---------------------------|
| I            | He or she (المتكلم)       |
| we           | They                      |
| me           | Him or her (المتكلم)      |
| us           | Them                      |
| my           | His , her (المتكلم)       |
| our          | Their                     |
| your         | Her, his, their.(المستمع) |
| You فاعل     | She, he, they, (المستمع)  |
| You مفعول به | Her, him, them (المستمع)  |

|               |                    |
|---------------|--------------------|
| yesterday     | The day before     |
| Last time     | The time before    |
| Tomorrow      | The following day  |
| Next time     | The following time |
| Now           | then               |
| This          | that               |
| These         | those              |
| here          | there              |
| today         | That day           |
| Tonight       | That night         |
| At the moment | At that moment     |

|               |             |
|---------------|-------------|
| is / am       | was         |
| are           | were        |
| was/were      | had been    |
| don't/doesn't | didn't      |
| didn't + V1   | hadn't + V3 |



1. يحول الفعل المضارع الى ماضي والفعل الماضي الى ماضي تام.

2. دائما الفعل بعد الموديل وبعد to لااا يحوول

3. المتكلم : يعني الاسم الاول مثل : **Mohammad** told Abeer

4. المستمع : يعني الاسم الثاني : **Mohammad** told **Abeer**

5. You : فاعل دائما تقع قبل الفعل مثل : **you** send flower

6. You : مفعول به يقع بعد الفعل مثل : I will **wait** **you**

1. "I really enjoyed the book that I finished this morning."  
Tariq said .....
2. "I love this town."  
John said .....
3. "I can't drive a lorry."  
He said .....
4. "I always wake up early,"  
He said .....
5. "I saw Amy at the bank on Monday."  
Manal said that.....
6. "I'm going to turn right at the traffic lights."  
The driver said that .....
7. "I've returned the dictionary to the library".  
Ayham said .....
8. "I'll send you the results as soon as they arrive."  
Rawan told Rayan .....
9. "I'll lend you my grammar book if you think it will help."  
Ahmad told Raneem .....
10. "I don't like chocolate"  
Hamza told.....
11. "We went out last night"  
Ali and Ahmad said .....
12. " I'm coming!"  
She said that .....
13. "I was waiting for the bus when he arrived"  
Suzan said that.....
14. "I didn't go to the party"  
Sa'ed said .....
15. "He hasn't eaten breakfast"  
She said that.....

16. "I do my homework carefully."  
**She told me** .....
17. "I have never seen such a beautiful match."  
**He said that**.....
18. Laila doesn't smoke a pipe.  
**Salma said that** .....
19. "I hadn't travelled by underground before I came to London."  
**He said that** .....
20. "Sara and Farah are living in Amman."  
**Lina told me that** .....
21. "The engineers are going to design the new highway next month."  
**The manager said that** .....
22. "My mother will celebrate her birthday next weekend."  
**Rami said that** .....
23. 'I am studying English at the moment.'  
**He added that** .....
24. "We will prepare a presentation about the usage of solar power in the area."  
**The students said** .....
25. 'I'm sure the soup will be delicious.'  
**He said that** .....
26. 'Mum , I was working on my application all evening.'  
**Mais told Mum that** .....
27. ' We made a big party last week.'  
**Amro told Yaser that** .....
28. 'Heba's taken my CD player.'  
**Hind told Eman that** .....
29. 'We don't argue about anything. '  
**They said that** .....
30. ' We are taking our grandchildren on holiday .'  
**They said they**.....
31. " I don't make mistakes in the exams" .  
**Rana said that** .....
32. We didn't fly to Aqaba last night .  
**The students said that** .....
33. " My uncle saw a terrible accident yesterday ".  
**Ahmed said that** .....

## **Answer**

1. he really had enjoyed the book that he had finished that morning.
2. he loved that town.
3. he couldn't drive a lorry.
4. he always woke up early,
5. she had seen Amy at the bank on Monday.
6. he was going to turn right at the traffic lights.
7. he had returned the dictionary to the library.
8. She would send him the results as soon as they arrive.
9. he would lend her his grammar book if she thought it would help.
10. he didn't like chocolate
11. they had gone out the night before
12. she was coming!
13. she had been waiting for the bus when he had arrived
14. he hadn't gone to the party
15. He hadn't eaten breakfast
16. she did her homework carefully.
17. he had never seen such a beautiful match.
18. Laila didn't smoke a pipe.
19. he hadn't travelled by underground before he had come to London.
20. Sara and Farah were living in Amman.
21. The engineers were going to design the new highway the following month .
22. His mother would celebrate her birthday the following weekend.
23. he was studying English at that moment.
24. they would prepare a presentation about the usage of solar power in the area.
25. He was sure the soup would be delicious.
26. Mum , she had been working on her application all evening.
27. they had made a big party the week before.
28. Heba was taken her CD player.
29. they didn't argue about anything.
30. they were taking their grandchildren on holiday .
31. she didn't make mistakes in the exams .
32. they hadn't flown to Aqaba the night before .
33. his uncle had seen a terrible accident the day before .

## used to / be used to

| <b>Used to + V1</b><br><b>didn't <u>use to</u> + V1</b>  | <b>Be used to + ing</b><br><b>Not be used to + ing</b>  |
|--|---|
| <p>Used to : اعتدت على وهي تتحدث عن عادة في الماضي<br/>                     مثلأ : اعتدت على شرب القهوة</p>  | <p>Be used to : اعتاد على وهي تتحدث عن عادة ملتزم بها بالوقت الحالي ومستمر عليها<br/>                     مثلأ : اعتاد على شرب القهوة</p>   |
| <p><b>I <u>used to drink</u> a coffee</b><br/>                     لو لاحظت ان الفعل بعد used to مجرد لعدم وجود افعال be قبل used to</p>   | <p><b>I <u>am used to drinking</u> coffee</b><br/>                     لو لاحظت ان الفعل بعد am used to ing وذلك لوجود افعال be قبل used to</p>   |
| <p><b>My father _____ read.</b><br/>                     ( <u>used to</u> , is used to , use to )<br/>                     لان بعد الفراغ الفعل مجرد نختار used to</p>   | <p><b>My father _____ reading.</b><br/>                     ( used to , <u>is used to</u> , use to )<br/>                     لان بعد الفراغ الفعل ing نختار is used to</p>   |
| <p><b>My father used to _____.</b><br/>                     ( <u>read</u> , reading , reads )<br/>                     لان قبل الفراغ used to ولم تسبق بأفعال be نختار الكلمة التي تدل ع الفعل المجرد</p>  | <p><b>My father is used to _____.</b><br/>                     ( read , <u>reading</u> , reads )<br/>                     لان قبل الفراغ used to وسبقت بأفعال be نختار الكلمة التي اخرها ing</p>  |
| <p><b>My children didn't _____.</b><br/>                     ( used to run , used to running , <u>use to run</u> )<br/>                     لان قبل الفراغ اداة نفي didn't يجب ان نختار use to +V1</p>   | <p><b>My children aren't _____.</b><br/>                     ( used to run , <u>used to running</u> , use to running )<br/>                     لان قبل الفراغ فعل be حتى لو كان منفي نختار الخيار used to + ing</p>  |
| <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: center;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 10px; width: 150px; height: 100px; display: flex; align-items: center; justify-content: center;">Used to</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 10px; width: 150px; height: 100px; display: flex; align-items: center; justify-content: center;">V1</div> </div> | <p style="text-align: right;"><b>افعال be : was - were - am - are - is</b></p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: center;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 10px; width: 150px; height: 100px; display: flex; align-items: center; justify-content: center;">Be used to</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 10px; width: 150px; height: 100px; display: flex; align-items: center; justify-content: center;">ing</div> </div> |

احيانا هذه القاعدة تأتي على إعادة الصياغة ونستدل عليها ببعض الكلمات مثل :

## Normal

| Used to + V1  | Be used to + ing  |
|---|---|
| <p><b>It was normal for my dad to fix his car.</b><br/><b>My dad</b> _____<br/>إذا كان قبل normal كلمة was فإننا نتبع قاعدة used to + V1<br/>ونكتب V1 بعد to في الجملة<br/>My dad used to fix his car.</p> <p><b>It wasn't normal for me to eat quickly.</b><br/><b>I</b> _____<br/>إذا كان قبل normal كلمة wasn't فإننا نتبع قاعدة didn't use to + V1<br/>ونكتب V1 بعد to في الجملة<br/>I didn't use to eat quickly<br/>تذكر ان تكتب بعد didn't كلمة use</p> | <p><b>It is normal for my dad to fix his car.</b><br/><b>My dad</b> _____<br/>إذا كان قبل normal كلمة is فإننا نتبع قاعدة be used to + ing<br/>ونكتب ing للكلمة بعد to في الجملة<br/>My dad is used to fixing his car.<br/>وضعنا is لان ما قبل الفراغ my dad مفرد</p> <p><b>It isn't normal for me to eat quickly.</b><br/><b>I</b> _____<br/>إذا كان قبل normal كلمة isn't فإننا نتبع قاعدة not (be) used to + ing<br/>بمعنى ان ننفي بأحد افعال be<br/>I am not <b>used</b> to eating quickly.</p> |

## جمل وزارية

1. It is normal for my friend now to send emails.

**My friend is** .....

2. It is not normal for American people to eat steak for lunch and dinner every day. It is expensive.

**American people** .....

3. It is not normal for my grandfather to have nothing to do all day .

**My grandfather** .....

**1. My friend is used to sending emails**

**2. American people aren't used to eating steak .....**

**3. My grandfather isn't used to having nothing to do all day.**

**Complete each of the following sentences in a way it means the same as the sentence before it.**

1. It was normal that she went to sleep at 9 p.m.  
She \_\_\_\_\_ .
2. It was normal for me to get up early.  
I \_\_\_\_\_ .
3. It is normal for my sisters now to get up early.  
My sisters \_\_\_\_\_ .
4. It is not normal any more for my friends to speak English.  
My friends \_\_\_\_\_ .
5. After a few months, it was not normal any more for me to speak English.  
I \_\_\_\_\_ .
6. It is normal for me now to write with my left hand.  
I \_\_\_\_\_ .
7. It is normal for my brother now to get up early to study.  
My brother is \_\_\_\_\_ .
8. I wasn't used to watching TV every morning , but now I often do .  
I \_\_\_\_\_ .
9. It isn't normal for my babies to drink natural milk.  
My babies \_\_\_\_\_ .
10. It wasn't normal for Arabs to defend of Palestinian issue.  
Arabs \_\_\_\_\_ .
11. It is normal for Abeer to wait her proposal for a long periods.  
Abeer \_\_\_\_\_ .
12. It was normal for my uncle to be fluent in many languages.  
My uncle \_\_\_\_\_ .

**Answers :**

1. She used to sleep at 9 p.m.
2. I used to get up early.
3. My sisters are used to getting up early.
4. My friends aren't used to speaking English.
5. I didn't use to speak English.
6. I am used to writing with my left hand.
7. My brother is used to getting up early to study.
8. I didn't use to watch TV every morning.
9. My babies aren't used to drinking natural milk.
10. Arabs didn't use to defend of Palestinian issue.
11. Abeer is used to waiting her proposal for a long periods.
12. My uncle used to be fluent in many languages.

1. I .....go shopping in the local supermarket.  
( **used to - am used to - use - uses** )
2. There..... be so much pollution, but these days it is a global problem.  
( **didn't use to - wasn't used to - aren't used to - use** )
3. There..... be a lot more wild animals in the past, but they are becoming rare nowadays.  
( **was used to - used to - used - use** )
4. Salma has been practising the oud really hard and she..... playing it.  
( **is now used to - now used to - used - use** )
5. I ..... understand English, but now I do.  
( **didn't use to - am used to - use - uses** )
6. My family and I ..... go camping once a month, but we stopped doing that when we moved to the city.  
( **used to - are used to - used - use** )
7. Joining a gym can be very tiring at first if you .....doing much exercise.  
( **didn't use to - aren't used to - used - use** )
8. When I was young, I ..... fishing with my dad every weekend.  
( **used to go - is used to going - used to going – use to go** )
9. When we were younger, we .....live in a village.  
( **used to - are used to - used - use** )
10. My grandparents didn't..... send emails when they were my age.  
( **use to - is used to - used - use** )
11. We always go to the market across the street, so we..... eating fresh vegetables.  
( **used to - are used to - used - use** )
12. Please slow down. I .....walking so fast!  
( **am not used to - is used to - didn't use to - use** )
13. When you were younger, did you .....play in the park?  
( **used to - is used to - used – use to** )
14. When I was a student, I ..... work very hard.  
( **used to - is used to - used - use** )
15. Are you..... living in Jordan yet? You've only been here for two months.  
( **used to - use to - used to - use** )

**Answers : used to / didn't use to / used to / is now used to / didn't use to / used to / aren't used to / used to go / used to / use to / are used to / am not used to / use to / used to / used to**

## Relative pronouns

|                     |                        |
|---------------------|------------------------|
| <b>Who</b>          | للشخص العاقل بعدها فعل |
| <b>whose</b>        | للشخص العاقل بعدها اسم |
| <b>When</b>         | للزمن او الوقت         |
| <b>Which / that</b> | للأشياء الغير عاقل     |
| <b>Where</b>        | للأماكن                |

### Fill in the blanks with the correct relative pronoun:

1. Do you know anyone \_\_\_\_\_ could help me fix my computer?  
( who - where - which - when - whose )
2. A hammer is a tool \_\_\_\_\_ is used to knock nails into wood.  
( who - where - which - when - whose )
3. This is the time of the year \_\_\_\_\_ many people suffer from hayfever.  
( who - where - which - when - whose )
4. The shop \_\_\_\_\_ we usually buy our bread has closed down.  
( who - where - which - when - whose )
5. The boy \_\_\_\_\_ dog was hit by a car has not been to school for 3 days.  
( who - where - which - when - whose )
6. An orphanage is a place \_\_\_\_\_ children who have no parents can live  
( who - where - which - when - whose )
7. My friend, \_\_\_\_\_ doesn't have a cell phone, suddenly knocked on the door  
( who - where - which - when - whose )
8. I talked to the girl \_\_\_\_\_ car had broken down in front of the shop.  
( who - where - which - when - whose )
9. Mr Richards, \_\_\_\_\_ is a taxi driver, lives on the corner.  
( who - where - which - when - whose )
10. July and August are the months \_\_\_\_\_ most people go on holiday.  
( who - where - which - when - whose )
11. We often visit our aunt in Norwich \_\_\_\_\_ is in East Anglia.  
( who - where - which - when - whose )
12. This is the girl \_\_\_\_\_ comes from Spain.  
( who - where - which - when - whose )
13. The restaurant \_\_\_\_\_ she works is very expensive.  
( who - where - which - when - whose )
14. That's Peter, the boy \_\_\_\_\_ has just arrived at the airport.  
( who - where - which - when - whose )



15. A boy \_\_\_\_\_ sister is in my class was in the bank at that time.  
( who - where - which - when - whose )
16. Thank you very much for your e-mail \_\_\_\_\_ was very interesting.  
( who - where - which - when - whose )
17. The day \_\_\_\_\_ I arrived was very nice.  
( who - where - which - when - whose )
18. My brother lives in a small town \_\_\_\_\_ there is only one library.  
( who - where - which - when - whose )
19. The man, \_\_\_\_\_ father is a professor, forgot his umbrella.  
( who - where - which - when - whose )
20. The children, \_\_\_\_\_ shouted in the street, are not from our school.  
( who - where - which - when - whose )
21. The car, \_\_\_\_\_ driver is a young man, is from Ireland.  
( who - where - which - when - whose )
22. My sister lives in a big city \_\_\_\_\_ has several libraries.  
( who - where - which - when - whose )
23. What did you do with the money \_\_\_\_\_ your mother lent you?  
( who - where - which - when - whose )
- A woman \_\_\_\_\_ daughter was crying tried to calm her.  
( who - where - which - when - whose )

**Answers : who / which / when / where / whose / where / who / whose / who / when / which / who / where / who / whose / which / when / where / whose ; / who / which / which / which / whose**

النجاح يحققه فقط الذين يواصلون  
المحاولة بنظرة ايجابية للأشياء  
Success is achieved only by those  
who continue to try with a positive  
outlook on things

## الجمل الجزئية Cleft sentences

The person who الشخص الذي

The time / year when السنة / الوقت الذي

The thing which الشيء الذي

The place where المكان الذي

B هذه الجمل تسمى الجمل الجزئية ويأتي السؤال عليه بالوزارة في إعادة الصياغة السؤال الثالث فرع B

**Huda** won a price last year in **Amman**

The person \_\_\_\_\_

هنا يطلب السؤال عن الشخص بالجملة وهي **هدى** لذلك نتبع الخطوات التالية :

1. نكتب الاسم الموصول للجملة المكتوبة فمثلا :

The person who - the place where - the time/year when - the thing which

2. ومن ثم نكتب الجملة من البداية ما عدا المقصودة فمثلا

في الجملة السابقة كانت المقصودة هدى لذلك نكتب الجملة كاملة من البداية ما عدا هدى

3. نكتب was / is

نحدد الجملة اذا كانت بالماضي ام بالمضارع وذلك من خلال اذا كان بها تاريخ ماضي او فعل تصريف ثاني

4. نكتب المقصودة

The person who won a prize last year in **Amman** was **Huda**

**Huda** won a price last year in **Amman**

The thing which **Huda** won last year in **Amman** was a **prize**.

The time when **Huda** won a prize in **Amman** was **last year**.

The place where **Huda** won a prize last year in was **Amman**.

هذه الجمل تسمى الجمل الجزئية ويأتي السؤال عليه بالوزارة في إعادة الصياغة السؤال الثالث فرع B

**Huda won a price last year in Amman**

**It** \_\_\_\_\_

هنا يطلب السؤال عن الجملة التي تحتها خط وهي **هدى** لذلك نتبع الخطوات التالية :

1. نكتب was / is

نحدد الجملة اذا كانت بالماضي ام بالمضارع وذلك من خلال اذا كان بها تاريخ ماضي او فعل تصريف ثاني

2. نكتب المقصودة

3. نكتب الاسم الموصول للجملة المكتوبة فمثلا لو كانت الكلمة التي تحتها خط عاقل نستخدم who

ولو كانت غير عاقل نستخدم which ولو كانت زمن او وقت نضع where ولو كانت مكان نضع where

4. ومن ثم نكتب الجملة من البداية ما عدا المقصودة فمثلا

في الجملة السابقة كانت المقصودة هدى لذلك نكتب الجملة كاملة من البداية ما عدا هدى

**It was Huda who won a prize last year in Amman.**

**Huda** won a price last year in Amman

**It was a prize which Huda won last year in Amman.**

**It was last year when Huda won a prize in Amman**

**It was Amman where Huda won a prize last year.**

1. I like **English** most of all .  
The subject \_\_\_\_\_
2. Queen Rania opened the children's museum of Jordan in **2007 CE**  
The year \_\_\_\_\_
3. Al- kindi is especially famous **for his work in Geometry** .  
It is \_\_\_\_\_
4. The first athletic event for disabled athletes took place in 1948 CE .  
**The year** \_\_\_\_\_
5. **Taha Hussein** is especially famous for his work in literature .  
**It is** \_\_\_\_\_
6. **My neighbors' generosity** impresses me more than anything else.  
**The thing that** \_\_\_\_\_
7. Petra was made a world heritage site in 1985 CE.  
The year \_\_\_\_\_
8. I stopped working at **11 p.m.**  
It was \_\_\_\_\_
9. **My father** has influenced me most.  
The person \_\_\_\_\_
10. I like **Geography** most of all.  
The subject \_\_\_\_\_
11. **The heat** made the journey unpleasant.  
It was \_\_\_\_\_
12. **Al-Kindi** contributed to the invention of the oud.  
The person who \_\_\_\_\_
13. Jabir ibn Hayyan did his research in a laboratory in **Iraq**.  
The country where \_\_\_\_\_
14. **Ali ibn Nafi** ' established the first music school in the world.  
It was \_\_\_\_\_
15. **Jabir ibn Hayyan** also invented ink that can be read in the dark.  
It was \_\_\_\_\_
16. The Egyptians built **the pyramids**.  
It was the \_\_\_\_\_
17. Ghazal bought a new mobile last night.  
The time \_\_\_\_\_  
It \_\_\_\_\_
18. Zaid plays the piano in the café very well.  
The place \_\_\_\_\_  
It \_\_\_\_\_
19. My husband bought a new flat from our neighbour last Saturday

The thing \_\_\_\_\_

It \_\_\_\_\_

## Answers :

1. The subject which I like most of all is English.
2. The year when Queen Rania opened the children's museum of Jordan in was 2007 CE
3. It is for his work in Geometry which Al- kindi is especially famous
4. The year when The first athletic event for disabled athletes took place in was 1948 CE .
5. It is Taha Hussein who is especially famous for his work in literature .
6. The thing that impresses me more than anything else is my neighbors' generosity
7. The year when Petra was made a world heritage site in was 1985 CE.
8. It was at 11 p.m when I stopped working.
9. The person who has influenced me most is my father.
10. The subject which I like most of all is Geography.
11. It was The heat which made the journey unpleasant.
12. The person who contributed to the invention of the oud was Al-Kindi.
13. Jabir ibn Hayyan did his research in a laboratory in was Iraq.
14. It was Ali ibn Nafi' who established the first music school in the world.
15. It was Jabir ibn Hayyan who invented ink that can be read in the dark.
16. It was the pyramids which The Egyptians built
17. The time when Ghazal bought a new mobile was last night  
It was last night when Ghazal bought a new mobile.
18. The place where Zaid plays the piano in very well is the café.  
It is in the café where zaid plays piano in very well.
19. The thing which my husband bought from our neighbour last Saturday was a new flat  
It was a new flat which my husband bought from our neighbour last Saturday

## Derivation

( Noun Verb Adverb Adjective Noun )

|             |      |      |      |      |     |      |     |      |     |
|-------------|------|------|------|------|-----|------|-----|------|-----|
| <b>Noun</b> | tion | ment | age  | hood | ist | ity  | ism | sion | dom |
|             | nce  | ture | ness | th   | gy  | ship | er  | or   | ice |
| <b>adj</b>  | ous  | ic   | ful  | ive  | ent | ary  | al  | ant  | ble |
|             | less | ish  | ler  | ed   | ing |      |     |      |     |
| <b>verb</b> | ise  | ize  | ate  | ify  | eve | en   |     |      |     |
| <b>adv</b>  | ly   |      |      |      |     |      |     |      |     |

ننظر الى ما قبل الفراغ وما بعده ...

| ( الاسم ) Noun  | ( أمثلة ) Examples  |
|---|---|
| <p><b>1. A/an/the</b><br/>دائما اذا كان قبل الفراغ اداة تعريف نختار الخيار الذي يدل ع الاسم لكن اذا جاء بعد الفراغ اسم نختار الخيار الذي يدل على الصفة.</p> | <p>1.He takes <b>the</b> ..... to travel tomorrow .<br/>(<b>decide, decision, decided</b>)</p> <p>2.Ali is good at language and history but math is a .....<br/>(<b>weak, weakness, weaken</b> )</p> <p>3.<b>An</b>..... will be responsible for the preparations of the festival .<br/>(<b>organize, organized, organization</b> )</p> |
| <p><b>2. of, on, for, from, with, without, up, down, in, at, between, among, through, during, out, into, about, by</b><br/>قبل وبعد <b>of</b></p>           | <p>1. They must depend <b>on</b> .....to finish this task as soon as possible .<br/>(<b>patient, patience, patiently</b>)</p> <p>2.Her tendency to be untidy has led to an element <b>of</b> .....<br/>( <b>disorganize , disorganized, disorganization</b> )</p>   |
| <p><b>3. his , her, my , its , our , your , their ( 's / s' )</b></p>   | <p>1.Education is our country's ..... in the future .<br/>(<b>investment, invest, invested</b>)</p> <p>2.My brother's ..... in three languages enabled him to find a well-paid job.<br/>( <b>fluent, fluently, fluency</b> )</p>  |
| <p><b>4. Noun + Verb</b><br/>اذا كان بعد الفراغ فعل نضع اسم</p>   | <p>1..... <b>must</b> be encouraged at all levels .<br/>(<b>Educate, education, educational</b>)</p>  |
| <p><b>5. ( most / more )</b><br/>بعد الكلمات السابقة نضع اسم ( is / are / am / was / were ) شرط ان لا تسبق بأفعال</p>                                       | <p>1. we need <b>more</b> ..... in the school.<br/>( <b>educate , education , educational</b> )<br/>وجود more ولم تسبق بأحد افعال be</p>  |

|  |  |
|--|--|
| <p>6. this, that , these , those</p>   | <p>1.I am really interested in <b>that</b> ..... ,it was actually great .<br/> <b>(civilize, civilization, civilized)</b><br/> 2.<b>This</b> ..... has been made by an earthquake<br/> <b>(destroy, destruction, destructive )</b></p>   |
| <p>7. Little /some/<br/> many/few/much / most<br/> /other /another /any/<br/> enough , no, all</p> | <p>1.Mothers need <b>much</b> ..... in their working hours .<br/> <b>(flexibility, flexible, flexible)</b><br/> 2. Is there <b>any</b>..... between them ?<br/> <b>(differ, difference, different)</b></p>   |
| <p>8. Adjective + Noun<br/> دائماً بعد الصفات اسماء</p>  | <p>1.We were completely amazed by his <b>fantastic</b> .....<br/> <b>(succeed, successful, success)</b><br/> 2.She received an excellent .....<br/> <b>(Educate, education, educational).</b><br/> 3. The earthquake caused <b>enormous</b>.....to a lot of cities and town.<br/> <b>(destroy, destruction, destructive)</b></p> |

1. Many instruments that are still used today in..... were designed by Arab scholars.  
**(operate, operative, operations)**
2. Another craft practised in Madaba is the ..... of ceramic items.  
**(creative, creatively, creation )**
3. I will be going to university to continue my .....  
**(educate, educative, education)**
4. Have you seen Nasser's..... of postcards? He's got hundreds!  
**(collection, collect, collective )**
5. The Middle East is famous for the.....of olive oil.  
**( production, product, productive)**
6. My father bought our house with an.....from his grandfather.  
**(inherit, inherited, inheritance )**
7. Do you think the wheel was the most important .....ever?  
**(invent, invented, invention)**
8. Al-Kindi made many important mathematical .....  
**(discover, discoveries, discovered )**
9. In our Maths exam, we have to write down our..... as well as the answers.  
**(calculation, calculate, calculated )**

**Answers : operations / creation / education / collection / production / inheritance / invention / discoveries / calculation**

| ( الصفة ) Adjective   | ( أمثلة ) Example   |
|---|---|
| 1. Adjective + noun<br>دائما قبل الاسماء صفات                                     | 1.It was a ..... <b>attempt</b> to climb Mount Everest.<br>( <b>succeed, successful, success</b> )<br>2.The ..... <b>success</b> of the 1960s and 1960s was funded by oil.<br>( <b>economy, economic, economically</b> )<br>3.Doing lots of exercise won't keep you healthy if you don't eat ..... <b>food</b> as well.<br>( <b>nutrients, nitrous, nutrition</b> ) |
| 2. ( is, are, am, was, were, been, being, be)                                     | 1.Prices in some shops <b>are not</b> .....<br>( <b>negotiate, negotiable, negotiation</b> )<br>2.Fumes from cars <b>are</b> ....and can damage the environment.<br>( <b>poison, poisonous, poisonously</b> )   |
| 3. <b>be</b> ( very , so , quite , too, )   | 1.The graduation ceremony was a <b>very</b> .....occasion for everyone.<br>( <b>memory, memorable, memorize</b> )<br>2.He is <b>so</b> .....Everybody believes what he says .<br>( <b>reliability, reliable, rely</b> )   |
| 4. seem , look , appear , feel , get , become , find ,found , smell ,taste ,sound | 1. Education has <b>become</b> ..... for both boys and girls .<br>( <b>necessity, necessary, necessitate</b> )  |
| 5. as ..... as ,  | 1.Ahmad is as ..... as Ali .<br>( <b>care, careful, carefully</b> )   |
| 6. be ( more / most )<br>be شرط ان تسبق بأفعال                                    | 2.I think she is the most .....player.<br>( <b>skillful, skill, skillfully</b> )  |

- Petra is an important..... site.  
(**archaeology, archaeological, archaeologically**)
- I will be going to university to continue my ..... paths  
(**educate, educative, education**)
- Scholars have discovered an.....document from the twelfth century.  
(**origin, originate, original**)
- Who was the most .....writer of the twentieth century?  
(**influence, influential, influentially**)
- Art, music and literature are all part of our ..... life.  
(**culture, cultural, culturally**)

**Answers : archaeological / educational / original / influential / cultural**



| ( فعل ) Verb   | ( أمثلة ) Examples  |
|--|---|
| 1. to .....  | 1. The teacher is going to.... us in this question<br>(helpful, help, helped)<br>2. Parents try to .....their children from danger as far as possible.<br>(protection, protective, protect) |
| 2. will , would , shall , should ,can ,could ,may , might , must, do ,does , did | 1. If you work hard, I'm sure you will.....<br>(success, successful, succeed)<br>2. They are identical .Do they ..... from each other ?<br>(difference, differ, different)                  |
| 3. Noun + verb<br>بعد الاسماء نضع فعل<br>She , he , it , you , I , we , they     | 1. Many room of the hotel .....in size and cost.<br>(different, differ, difference)   |

| بعد الظرف        |                       |
|------------------|-----------------------|
| اذ سبق بأفعال be | اذا لم يسبق بأفعال be |
| صفة              | فعل                   |

1. When do you..... to receive your test results?  
(expectancy, expect, expected)
2. In our exam, we had to.....a text from Arabic into English.  
(translation, translate, translated )
3. They are going to..... a new air conditioning unit in our flat.  
(installation, installed, install)

**Answers : expect / translate / install**

دائما بعد الاسماء افعال لكن هناك حالات شاذة تسمى المتلازمات :

1. There are certain foods that can strengthen your.....system.  
(immunize, **immunization**, immune )

في الجملة السابقة كان علينا اختيار خيار صفة لان ما بعد الفراغ اسم لكن هذه الحالة متلازمات نضع اسم

1. **Immunization** system
2. Infant **mortality**
3. Life **expectancy**
4. **Irrigation** system
5. **Blood circulation**
6. **Revsion timetable**
7. **Brain development**

| Adverb ( الظرف )   | Examples ( أمثلة )  |
|--|---|
| 1. .... ,<br>وجود فاصلة بعد الفراغ   | 1. ...., people bet married at the weekends .<br><b>(Traditional, Traditionally, Tradition)</b>   |
| 2. Noun ..... Verb<br>وجود قبل الفراغ اسم وبعد الفراغ فعل  | 1. My friend ..... drove along the narrow road .<br><b>(careful, care, carefully)</b><br>2. The boys..... responded to the teacher's order .<br><b>( polite, politely )</b> |
| 3. is - are – am – was – were – do - did – does – have – has – had – will – would – can – could – shall – should – may – might<br>إذا جاء قبل الفراغ فعل مساعد مثل الكلمات أعلاه وكان بعد الفراغ فعل نضع ظرف | 1. Omar has .....passed his driving test.<br><b>(success, successfully, succeed)</b><br>2. They will .....move all of them.<br><b>(peace, peacefully, peaceful)</b>         |
| 4. (very, too, so, quite) + adverb<br>شرط ان يسبق هذه الكلمات فعل  | 1. Ali drives so .....in the city centre.<br><b>(care, careful, carefully)</b><br>2. Rana spoke too ..... in the meeting.<br><b>(loud, loudly)</b>                          |
| 5. Verb + adverb<br>بعد الأفعال دائما ظروف   | 1. The wind was blowing .....<br><b>(violence, violent, violently)</b>  |

1. ...., the whole process is done by hand, from the washing of the wool to the finished article.  
**(Traditional, Tradition, Traditionally)**
2. Markets have different types of food which are .....prepared from animal product.  
**(artificial, artificially, artifice)**

### Answers : traditionally / artificially

**معلومات مهمة :** عند وجود اي من دلائل الأسماء قبل الفراغ وكان بعد الفراغ اسم لا يجوز ان نضع اسم انما نختار صفة.

هذه الكلمات تربط بين كلمتين نفس الاشتقاق And / as well as / or

People love learning more if they are presented in beautiful **and** ..... way.

( enjoyable , enjoy , enjoyment )

Complete the following sentences with the suitable words **derived** from the words in the box below and write the answer down in your ANSWER BOOKLET.

2. On the tiny island of Arran in Scotland, the local people are bringing back an ancient .....  
( **tradition , traditional , traditionally** )
3. When do you .....to receive your test results .  
( **expectancy , expectantly , expect** )
4. My father bought our house with an ..... from his grandfather.  
( **inherit , inheritance** )
5. Who was the most ..... writer of the twentieth century?  
( **influence , influential , influentially** )
6. Thank you for your help, I really ..... it.  
( **appreciation , appreciate** )
7. We went to a concert yesterday. The music was written by a new young composer, so it was .....  
( **contemporisation , contemporary** )
8. King Hussein was a ..... world figure in the twentieth century.  
( **mortality , mortal , mortally** )
9. Ali has done a ..... and decided that he can buy his mother the larger bunch of flowers .  
( **calculate , calculation , calculative** )
10. There is an interesting new video ..... at the gallery in the city.  
( **install , installation ,** )
11. Jordan's infant ..... rates declined more rapidly than anywhere else in the world.  
( **mortality , mortal , mortally** )
12. .... man proposes to a woman, not the other way round.  
( **Traditional - Tradition - Traditionally** )
13. Photography and painting are two examples of the ..... arts.  
( **vision - visual - visually** )
14. Many candy advertisements are usually presented in an ..... Manner in the TV .  
( **attract , attraction , attractive** )
15. Markets have different types of food which are ..... prepared from products.  
( **artificial , artificially , artifice** )

16. The ..... system must be linked with the requirement of social development for any country and economic.  
( **educational education , , educate** )
17. Jordan has a ..... of being a friendly and welcoming country It is one of the safest places to visit in the Middle East .  
( **repute , reputation , reputational** )
18. The newly constructed project use recycled water which helps the.....of the environment  
( **sustainability , sustainable , sustain** )
19. Taha Hussein is one if the most ..... writers of the twentieth century  
( **influence , influential , influentially** )
20. Imagination is the source of .....  
( **create , creation , creative** )
21. Bank customers can ..... their checking accounts instantly through the electronic system  
( **accessible , access , accessibility** )
22. Another way of saying that something could be successful is to say ti is .....  
( **viable , viably , viability** )
23. Most doctors used to be ..... about the validity of homoeopathy.  
( **skeptical , skeptic , skeptically** )
24. 20. Complementary medicine can never substitute for ..... as it will not produce the antibodies.  
( **immunization , immune , immunize** )
25. Athletes with ..... legs can take part in the Paralympics.  
( **prosthetic , prosthesis , prosthetically** )
26. .... plants are becoming a popular method of providing water for people living in areas that have little fresh water.  
( **Desalinate , Desalination , Desalinated** )
27. There is a particular Bedouin style of weaving that buyers find very.....  
( **attraction , attractive , attract** )
28. Scholars have discovered an ..... document from the twelfth century.  
( **origin , originally , original** )
29. Adeb rightly deserves his ..... as one of the youngest inventors in the world.  
( **repute , reputation , reputed** )
30. Many people expect instant cures, and prefer to get a .....  
( **prescribe , prescription , prescriptive** )

31. Artists usually meet to discuss ideas and ..... each other's work.  
( **criticize ,criticism , critic** )
32. Beethoven classified as a symbol of art, unfortunately he is not a..... artist.  
( **contemporary , contemporize** )
33. I think the hybrid car is the most important ..... in this decade.  
( **invent , invention , inventor** )
34. The Jordan Valley can.....sufficient food for Jordan.  
(**production, produce , productive**)
35. By some ....., the population in Jordan will reach 12 million soon.  
(**calculate, calculation , calculated**)
36. It is widely believed that new technology is going to ..... everything we do in our life.  
(**revolution, revolutionise, revolutionary** )
37. Farmers use ..... Fertilizers so that they can harvest their crops earlier.  
(**artifice , artificial , artificially**)
38. The fast ..... of cities can cause social and economic problems.  
(**expand, expansion, expandable** )
39. Some people are .....to penicillin. It is very important to tell your doctor.  
(**allergy, allergic, allergies**)
40. Most of the clinics of the Ministry of Health.....children against many dangerous diseases.  
(**inoculation, inoculate , inoculated**)
41. One of the options to solve shortage of water is the.....of sea water.  
(**desalinate, desalination, desalinated**)
42. Ibn Hiayan is.....supposed to be the father of Chemistry.  
(**tradition, traditional, traditionally**)
43. The construction of a new dam is hoped that it will.....the area.  
(**irrigation , irrigate**)
44. Al-Khwarizmi was a famous Arab..... .  
(**mathematics, mathematician, mathematical**)
45. Unemployment, which is increasing year after year, needs a ..... solution.  
(**viability, viable, viably**)
46. Eating wisely and taking regular exercise is very ..... method of keeping fit and healthy.  
(**rely, reliable , Reliance** )
47. In Japan, after-school courses are usually .....  
(**option, optional, optionally**)

48. There are certain foods that can strengthen your.....system.  
(immunize, immunization, immune )
49. Computer hackers can ..... your computer's hard drive and steal your personal information.  
(accessible , access, accessibly)
50. Our company has a .....to good quality and excellent customer service.  
(commit, commitment, committed)
51. Many people use herbs as a.....for various simple diseases.  
(remedial, remedially, remedy )
52. Scientists are cautiously ..... about finding an effective cure for cancer in the near future.  
(optimism , optimistic, optimistically)
53. We should use the mass media extensively to.....about the danger of terrorism.  
(publicity, publicize, public )
54. I didn't trust the man. Indeed, I was very.....about his intentions.  
(skepticism, skeptical, skeptically)
55. Salem is going to buy a new house after he has got a big.....  
(inherit, inheritance, inherited)
56. .... medicine is a wide variety of health care practices that may be used along with standard medical treatment.  
(complement, Complementary, complementation )
57. My grandfather was a very.....businessman.  
( success, successful, successfully )
58. With your talents and knowledge, you have a good potential for.....  
( success, successful, successfully )
59. You can't .....results before carrying out the experiment.  
(conclusion, conclude, Conclusive )
60. The detectives came to the.....that the criminal must have used a knife.  
(conclusion, conclude, Conclusive )
61. I think that you shouldn't..... everything you read on the Internet.  
(belief, believe, believable, believably)
62. There is a growing.....that the policies of the government won't succeed.  
(belief, believe, believable, believably)
63. We are looking for an experienced.....to stop the bleeding in the child's stomach.  
(surgeon, surgery, surgical)

64. The .....of this programme is for young graduates who don't have work experience.  
(**intend, intention, intentional, intentionally**)
65. What do you.....to do after leaving school?  
(**intend, intention, intentional, intentionally**)
66. Exercise is said to improve and regulate blood..... .  
(**circulate, circulation, circulated**)
67. Basic education of ten years is .....in Jordan for all children.  
(**compel, compulsion, compulsory**)
68. I have a terrible..... for names; it is so embarrassing.  
(**memorise, memory, memorial**)
69. Walking can be obviously.....to your health.  
(**benefit, beneficially, beneficial**)
70. In Jordan, ..... is compulsory from age six to age sixteen.  
(**educate, education, educational**)
71. Research has confirmed that brain.....is a lifelong process.  
(**develop, developed, development, developing**)
72. It is improbable to succeed without good planning and..... .  
(**organize, organization, organised**)
73. The police are still investigating to find out whether the killing was.....or not.  
(**intention, intend, intentional**)
74. In Jordan, a lot of customers usually..... over prices.  
(**negotiation, negotiate, negotiable**)
75. A good leader should be able to be flexible and.....with unexpected situations.  
(**adapt, adaptation, adaptable**)
76. Rania is one of the most.....worker in the organisation.  
(**ambition, ambitious, ambitiously**)
77. Mr. Ahmad is a very.....and hard-working teacher.  
(**conscientious, conscience, conscientiously**)
78. Two letters of reference are..... in my application form.  
(**enclosed, encloses, enclose**)
79. The boy wasn't really.....about doing his homework last night.  
(**enthusiasm, enthusiastic, enthusiastically**)
80. The negotiations between the two leaders was carried out through an.....  
(**interpret, interpretation, interpreter**)
81. You can't get a job in that corporation unless you have a good..... .  
(**refer, reference, referential**)

82. Pollution is not a .....problem; on the contrary, it can affect the whole world.

**(region, regional, regionally)**

83. The main objective of our.....is to protect wild life in Jordan.

**(organise, organisation, organised)**

84. Students who are hard working and do much practice usually.....high scores on their tests.

**(achievement, achieve, achievable)**

85. Having good nutrition and physical activity on daily basis is important for brain.....

**(develop, development, developed)**

86. You can.....on me to get the best offers in the market.

**(depend, dependence, dependent)**

87. .... is necessary for children to be able to memorise new vocabulary and grammar.

**(Repeat, Repetition, Repeatedly)**

88. Teachers consume a lot of time to.....their students' homework and exams

**(correct, correction, correctly)**

89. Upon my doctor's..... I stopped drinking tea after having a meal.

**(recommend, recommendation, recommended)**

90. It is ..... important to plan your time for revision before exams.

**(particular, particularize, particularly)**

91. The new generations have little.....of their past history.

**(know, knowledge, knowledgeable)**

92. We should improve our products regularly because of the.....market.

**(compete, competition, competitive)**

93. Dr. Hassan is a.....doctor. He has carried out very sensitive surgical operations.

**(competently, competence, competent)**

94. My father decided to go into..... despite the meager income.

**(teach, teacher, teaching)**

95. Special care should be given to.....children.

**(create, creation, creative)**

96. Scientists are looking for.....ways to generate energy.

**(economy, economise, economical)**

97. We should help students to develop their .....thinking.

**(criticise, criticism, critical)**



98. Before you can get an admission in any German university, you need to prove a good .....level in German.

(proficiency, proficient, proficiently)

99. The museum has an .....and amazing collection of modern art

(extend, extension, extensive)

100. Dr. Hassan was chosen to meet the French delegate as he could speak French.....

(fluent, fluency, fluently)

101. I am so sorry that you felt offended; it was not .....

(intend, intention, intentional)

**ANSWER :**

|                |               |               |                |                |
|----------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|
| Tradition      | viable        | traditionally | belief         | regional       |
| expect         | skeptical     | irrigate      | surgeon        | organization   |
| inheritance    | immunization  | mathematician | intention      | achieve        |
| influential    | prosthetic    | viable        | intend         | develop        |
| appreciate     | Desalinated   | reliable      | circulate      | depend         |
| contemporary   | attractive    | optional      | compulsory     | Repetition     |
| mortal         | original      | immune        | memory         | correct        |
| calculation    | reputation    | access        | beneficial     | recommendation |
| install        | prescription  | commitment    | education      | particular     |
| mortality      | criticize     | remedy        | development    | knowledge      |
| Traditional    | contemporary  | optimistic    | organised      | competitive    |
| visual         | invention     | publicize     | intentional    | competent      |
| attractive     | produce       | skeptical     | negotiate      | teaching       |
| artificially   | calculation   | inheritance   | adaptable      | creative       |
| educational    | revolutionise | Complementary | ambitious      | economy        |
| reputation     | artificial    | successful    | conscientious  | critical       |
| sustainability | expansion     | success       | enclosed       | proficiency    |
| influential    | allergic      | conclude      | enthusiastic   | extensive      |
| creation       | inoculate     | conclusion    | interpretation | fluently       |
| access         | desalination  | believe       | reference      | intentional    |

طالما ان القادم في غيب الله فتصوره جميلاً

## American VS. British English لجيل 2000 وما قبل

| Spelling         | British English        | American English     | Meaning         |
|------------------|------------------------|----------------------|-----------------|
| <b>our / or</b>  | flavour                | flavor               | نكهة            |
|                  | colour                 | color                | لون             |
|                  | neighbour -<br>harbour | neighbor -<br>harbor | جار - مرفأ      |
|                  | favourite -<br>labour  | favorite -<br>labor  | مفضل -<br>عمل   |
| <b>re / er</b>   | centre                 | center               | مركز            |
|                  | centimetre             | centimeter           | سنتيمتر         |
|                  | litre                  | liter                | ليتر            |
|                  | theatre                | theater              | مسرح            |
| <b>m / mme</b>   | programme              | program              | برنامج          |
| <b>aeo / eo</b>  | archaeology            | archeology           | علم اثار        |
| <b>oeo / eo</b>  | homoeopathy            | homeopathy           | معالجة<br>اعشاب |
| <b>ise / ize</b> | realise                | realize              | يدرك            |
|                  | specialise             | specialize           | يتخصص           |

|         |            |           |             |
|---------|------------|-----------|-------------|
|         | normalise  | normalize | جعله طبيعيا |
|         | paralysed  | paralyzed | عاجز        |
| ll / l  | travelling | traveling | سفر         |
|         | jeweller   | jeweler   | جواهري      |
|         | modelling  | modeling  | أزياء       |
|         | cancelled  | canceled  | ألغى        |
|         | marvellous | marvelous | رائع        |
| g / gue | dialogue   | dialog    | حوار        |
|         | catalogue  | catalog   |             |

| British English | American English | Meaning | British English | American English | Meaning            |
|-----------------|------------------|---------|-----------------|------------------|--------------------|
| Autumn          | Fall             | خريف    | petrol          | gas              | غاز                |
| flat            | apartment        | شقة     | rubbish         | trash/garbage    | مهملات             |
| holiday         | vacation         | اجازة   | conservatoire   | conservatory     | معهد موسيقية       |
| sweets          | candy            | حلوى    | chemist's       | drugstore        | صيدلية             |
| pavement        | side walk        | رصيف    | trousers        | pants            | بنطلون             |
| lift            | elevator         | مصعد    | head teacher    | principal School | مدير               |
| biscuit         | cookie           | بسكويت  | trunk           | boot ( a car )   | غطاء صندوقا لسيارة |

| British English_  | American English  |
|---|---|
| <b>Have</b> you <b>seen</b> that film yet?<br>- <b>present perfect</b>  | <b>Did</b> you <b>see</b> that film yet?<br><b>V2</b>                 |
| He <b>got</b> us some ice cream.<br>- <b>got</b>                        | He <b>had gotten</b> us some ice cream.<br><b>gotten</b>              |
| Some of you <b>have got</b> tired .<br>- <b>have got</b>                | Some of you <b>have gotten</b> tired.<br><b>have gotten</b>           |
| <b>I've got</b> a brother.<br>– <b>have got</b>                         | I <b>have</b> a brother.<br><b>have</b>                               |
| <b>Have</b> you <b>got</b> a sister?<br>– <b>have got</b>               | <b>Do</b> you <b>have</b> a sister?<br><b>have</b>                    |
| Let's <b>have</b> a look / a shower / a rest / a<br>break - <b>have</b> | Let's <b>take</b> a look / a shower / a rest / a<br>break <b>take</b> |
| <b>'Goodness'</b> you've <b>got</b>                                     | <b>Gosh,</b> you've <b>gotten</b>                                     |
| The bus has <b>just left</b>  | The bus <b>left</b> already   |
| Haven't done <b><u>present perfect</u></b>                              | <b>didn't do</b> <b><u>past simple</u></b>                            |
| I've just had   | I just <b>had</b>   |

**\* the following sentences are in British English, rewrite them in American \*  
English .**

**8.** Have you seen the new sport centre?  
.....

**2.** I am going to have a look at these marellous paintings.  
.....

**3.** Did you see the new fashion catalog?  
.....

**4.** I have a brother who lives in a wide apartment.  
.....

**5.** After the hard day , garbage collectors take a shower .  
.....

**6.** Did you meet the school principle to discuss the students' performance?  
.....

**7.** My neighbor went into a drugstore and bought medicine .  
.....

**8.** Did you shorten your pants?  
.....

**9.** Did you see that exhibition yet?  
.....

**10.** Leo's already done his project.  
.....

**11.** I usually take a shower in the morning .  
.....

**12.** I just had my breakfast.  
.....

**13.** I'd like to have a look at those paintings.  
.....

**14.** Goodness, you've got very tall !  
.....

**15.** I haven't done my homework yet.  
.....

**16.** The bus has just left.  
.....

## Articles - Defined (the) / undefined (A / An / The / X) لجيل 2000 وما قبل

|            |   |
|------------|---|
| <b>The</b> | <p><u>الاسماء الفريدة من نوعها :</u><br/>the earth/ the sun /the moon /the world /the king the internet<br/><u>البحار والمحيطات والانهار ومجموعة الجزر ولكن ليس جزيرة واحدة</u><br/>seas, oceans, rivers, groups of islands (but not individual islands)<br/>superlative adjectives .<br/><b>the _____ of _____</b><br/>the wheel of the car<br/><b>الولايات والممالك والجمهوريات:</b> United - Kingdom - Republic<br/>The oud - The guitar - The piano. : <u>الالات الموسيقية</u><br/><b>the longest :</b> <u>صيغة التفضيل (est)</u><br/><u>الاسماء التي ذكرت سابقا في النص</u><br/>- I saw a <u>man</u> . <b>The man</b> is my friend's father<br/>the morning, evening, afternoon . <u>الاوراق</u></p> |
| <b>a</b>   | <p>Before countable nouns when we are mentioning them for the first time. /<br/>Hassan lives in <u>a</u> big house <u>الاسماء التي ذكرت اول مره بالنص</u><br/>a car – a bus – a boy : <u>الاسماء المفردة:</u><br/>a uniform – a unit – a university : <u>الاسماء التي تبدأ بـ Un</u></p>  |
| <b>an</b>  | <p>Before ( a / o / e / i / u ) : an elephant – egg – apple – umbrella – onion<br/><u>قبل الاسماء التي تبدأ بحرف عله</u><br/><u>الاسماء التي تبدأ بحرف h ويكون صامت:</u> an hour an honest</p>  |
|            |   |

X

قبل الاسماء الجمع والغير معدودة لا نضع اى شيء

- chocolate – sugar – water – water – coffee – tea - money / boys – books – sweets

قبل المدن وقبل القارات وقبل اللغات والجبال المنفردة والبحيرات والشلالات والمناطق والشوارع والايام والشهور والسنوات والفصول :

English , Jordan , Nebo mountain , swan lakes, Ma'en waterfalls, , king Hussein st , Sunday, April and 2015, summer ,

قبل الاسماء الجمع

- **Doctors** are hard-workers. - **Trees** are useful

-----**Amman** is ----- *capital of* ----- **Jordan**.

2. It's one of ----- **oldest** cities in ----- **world**.

3. ----- **Petra** is in ----- south of **Jordan**. It's ----- **important** archaeological *site*.

4. It was ----- **important** *city* until ----- **huge** earthquake destroyed it in about 663 CE.

5. ----- **Aqaba** is next to ----- **Red Sea**; ----- **people** often go there for their holidays.

6. I'm very interested in ----- **history**, in particular ----- **history of** ----- **Jordan**.

**Answers :**

1. X / the / X / the / the / X / the / an / an / a / X / the / X / X / the / X

The Amman International Theatre **Festival** is said to be (1) ----- **biggest of** its kind across (2) ----- entire **Middle East** and (3) ----- **North Africa**. It is held annually in (4) ----- **April**, and (5) ----- **festival** is (6) ----- **attempt** to promote (7) ----- **Jordanian theater**. Performances are in (8) ----- **English and** (9) ----- **Arabic**. Many international stars and famous people from (10) ----- **Hollywood** attend. Usually, (11) ----- **festival** lasts for about eight *days*. (12) ----- **visitors** can choose (13) ----- **days on which** they want to attend. This is (14) ----- **great way** to learn

**Answers :**

The / the / X / X / the / an / X / X / X / X / the / X / the / a

**Correct the verbs between brackets** then Write the answer down in your ANSWER BOOKLET

1. This time next year , students will .....for their final exam .  
(prepare , have prepared , be preparing )
2. The workers ..... at the moment. They're on a break.  
( aren't working , haven't worked , didn't work )
3. The government has .....hardly to raise the citizen's awareness of human rights.  
( been worked , works , been working )
4. The ruins ..... by thousands of tourists every day.  
( were viewed , have been viewed , are viewed )
5. Next month , our family ..... in this house for a year .  
( will have lived , are living , have lived )
6. The students in my class ..... about their achievement in science when the bell suddenly rang.  
( had talked , were talking , talked )
7. By the time we arrived , they ..... for an hour .  
( had talked , had been talking , was talking )
8. The bus is late. If it .....soon, we will get a taxi.  
( didn't arrive , don't arrive , doesn't arrive )
9. Next week , we ..... for the final exams .  
( will be studying , are studying , have studied )
10. I want to get a new apartment but I can't afford .....money at the moment.  
( borrowing , borrow , to borrow )
11. Will you ..... your homework by seven o'clock?  
( be doing , have done , do )
12. Ali ..... About his friend when he received an email from his son.  
( was thinking , has been thinking , thinks )
13. If a city ..... everything and doesn't throw anything away , it is zero waste.  
( recycled , recycles , recycle )

**Answers :** be preparing      aren't working      been working  
are viewed      will have lived      were talking  
had been talking      doesn't arrive      will be studying  
borrowing      have done      was thinking  
recycles



14. Many Jordanian poems ..... now ..... into English , so that people can read them and translate them into English.  
( are – translated , have – been translated , were – translated)
15. Eid al-Adha is a celebration that ..... On the 10 of Thu- Alhijja.  
( begin , begins , began )
16. Ibn Rushed who ..... in Cordoba is a famous Islamic polymath.  
( was born , had born , burns )
17. The prize ..... huda won last year was for Arts.  
( when , where , which , who )
18. In thirty years' time, scientists ..... a cure for cancer.  
( found , find , will have found , were found )
19. ....you ever ..... a camel ?  
( Have-riden Are-riding Did-ride )
20. . My father..... to work in his car every morning.  
( is going - goes - has gone )
21. . I..... an English sentence now.  
( have read - was reading - am reading )
22. . He..... some money from the bank at this moment.  
( borrowed - is borrowing - has borrowed )
23. A new school..... already..... in New Zarqa.  
( has-opened - was-opening - is opening )
24. What time do you ..... breakfast ?  
( had - have - had had )
25. Salem ..... ill since Christmas.  
( is - had - has been )
26. Khalid always..... his hands before eating.  
( washes , is washing , has washed )
27. ....she..... her room every morning ?  
( Is-cleaning , Has-cleaned , Does-cleaned )
28. ....we ..... this exercise now?  
( Are-writing , Have-written , Do-write )
29. The cook..... anything yet.  
( hasn't -prepared , isn't preparing , doesn't-prepare )

**Answers:** are – translated      begins      was born      which  
will have found      Have-riden      goes      am reading  
is borrowing      has-opened      have      has been  
washes      Does-cleaned      Are-writing      hasn't -prepared

30. .... Sameer ever ..... the Taj Mahal?  
( **Has-seen** , **Is seeing** , **Does-see** )
31. .... it ..... hard now  
( **Does-rain** , **Is-raining** , **Has-rained** )
32. I don't often ..... coffee.  
( **drink** , **drank** , **drunk** )
33. Everything is going well. We.....any problem so far .  
( **don't have** , **aren't having** , **haven't had** )
34. Hurry Up! Everybody ..... for you.  
( **have waited** , **are waiting** , **wait** )
35. What..... you..... for last two hours ?  
( **do-do** , **are-doing** , **have-done** )
36. They took their baby to the doctor because she.....all night.  
( **cry - cried - had cried - will cry** )
37. It is probably that the Bank .....new branches in the future.  
( **open - opened - had opened - will open** )
38. By the year 2000s, people .....radios in different sizes.  
( **buy – bought - had bought - were buying** )
39. The pilot .....all the flight system before he landed.  
( **check - checked - had checked - was checking** )
40. the manager intends he .....the employees new benefits.  
( **grant - granted - had granted - is going to grant** )
41. This time tomorrow, we .....to work an hour later .  
( **go - will go - will be going - had gone** )
42. By the end of this year, we.....here for ten years.  
( **live - lived - will live - will have lived** )
43. Where have you been? I ..... for ages.  
( **wait - am waiting - have waited - will wait** )
44. Before she went to the library, Huda ..... her mother to prepare lunch.  
( **help - helped - had helped - will help** )

**Answers : has-seen / is-raining / drink / haven't had / are waiting / have done / had cried / will open / had bought / had checked / is going to grant / will be going / will have lived / have waited / had helped**

45. We had the computer ..... because it had stopped working.

( **repair - repaired - repairing** )

46. There ..... a technological revolution since 1943 CE.

( **be - has been - will be - are being** )

47. Hind ..... very hard for several weeks before she did her final exams.

( **work - worked - had worked - will work** )

48. I ..... tennis at school every day.

( **am not playing - don't play - won't play - haven't played** )

49. She ..... tennis every day.

( **isn't play - won't play - doesn't play - haven't played** )

50. The train ..... at 8 am every morning.

( **leave - left - is leaving - leaves** )

51. I ..... on the phone right now.

( **talk - talked - am talking - had talked** )

52. What ..... you ..... right now?

( **did \ do - are \ doing - have \ done - will \ do** )

53. I ..... anything now.

( **don't \ do - am not \ doing - hasn't \ done - didn't \ do** )

54. Look! The sun .....

( **rise - will rise - is rising - have risen** ).

55. The children ..... already ..... the sandcastle on the beach.

( **build - are building - have built - built** )

56. Our neighbor ..... recently ..... to Aqaba.

( **move - moved - are moving - has moved** )

57. The child has .....all night.

( **been sleeping - being sleep - are sleep - were sleep** )

**Answers : repaired / has been / had worked / don't play / doesn't play / leaves / am talking / are-doing / am not doing / is rising / have built / has moved / been sleeping**

58. Children often..... computers better than their parents.  
( **use - are using - used - uses** )
59. If you .....computer games all day, you won't have time to study.  
( **will play – play - played - are playing** )
60. I want to .....a tablet, but I can't afford to buy one at the moment.  
( **get - getting - am detting - got** )
61. 26.Look at the black sky! It's..... soon!  
( **raining - going to rain - rains - rain** )
62. I'm .....from Ajloun, but I'm staying / stay in Irbid for a few months. I will return to Ajloun in the spring.  
( **coming - come - came - will come** )
63. Nadia has..... her homework for two hours!  
( **been doing - done - did - do** )
64. She..... finished very soon.  
( **is - will be - was - been** )
65. If Ali..... his own computer, he wouldn't need to use his friend's computer.  
( **had - has - had had - have** )
66. I .....an email when my laptop switched itself off.  
( **was writing - wrote - have written - write** )
67. I .....go shopping in the local supermarket, but it closed two years ago, so now I have to drive into town to shop.  
( **used to - am used to - use - uses** )
68. There..... be so much pollution, but these days it is a global problem.  
( **didn't use to - wasn't used to - aren't used to - use** )
69. There..... be a lot more wild animals in the past, but they are becoming rare nowadays.  
( **was used to - used to - used - use** )
70. Salma has been practising the oud really hard and she.....playing it.  
( **is now used to - now used to - used - use** )
71. I ..... understand English, but now I do.  
( **didn't use to - am used to - use - uses** )

**Answers : use / play / get / going to rain / coming / been doing / will be / had / was writing / used to / didn't use to / used to / is now used to / didn't use to**

72. My family and I ..... go camping once a month, but we stopped doing that when we moved to the city.  
(used to - are used to - used - use )
73. Joining a gym can be very tiring at first if you .....doing much exercise.  
(didn't use to - aren't used to - used - use )
74. When I was young, I ..... go fishing with my dad every weekend.  
(used to - is used to - used - use )
75. When we were younger, we .....live in a village.  
(used to - are used to - used - use )
76. By the end of this year, we..... here for ten years.  
(will live - will be living - will have lived - live )
77. My grandparents didn't..... send emails when they were my age.  
(use to - is used to - used - use )
78. Rashed .....go swimming every morning, but now he doesn't.  
(used to - is used to - used - use )
79. We always go to the market across the street, so we..... eating fresh vegetables.  
(used to - are used to - used - use )
80. Please slow down. I..... walking so fast!  
( am not used to - is used to - didn't use to - use )
81. When you were younger, did you .....play in the park?  
(used to - is used to - used – use to )
82. I ..... go shopping in the local supermarket, but it closed two years ago, so now I have to drive into town to shop.  
(used to - am used to - used - use )
83. When I was a student, I ..... work very hard.  
(used to - is used to - used - use )

**Answers : used to / aren't used to / used to / used to / will have lived / use to / used to / are used to / am not used to / use to / used to / used to**

84. In three years' time, my brother..... graduated from university.  
( has - will have - is going to - will )
85. Where did they..... to school?  
( used to going - used to go - use to go - use going )
86. Children often ..... computers better than their parents.  
(used to - are used to - used - use )
87. Does your brother intend he .....the army next year?  
( joins - joined - will join - has joined )
88. I've lived here for ten years now so I'm used to ..... in the city.  
( drive - drone - will drive - driving )
89. In the 1950s, technology .....enough for inventors  
( develop - had developed - will develop - is developing )
90. I intend ..... Medicine at university.  
( to study - study - studying )
91. She ----- tennis everyday.  
( aren't play doesn't play isn't play don't play )
92. Every twelve months, the Earth ----- around the sun.  
(circle circled circles has circled )
93. He -----never ----- his wallet.  
( forget forgot forgets has forgotten)
94. ----- Salem visit Ali every day ?  
( Do Did Is Does )
95. We ----- always listen to music.  
( don't doesn't aren't haven't )
96. I ----- the present continuous now.  
( study studying am studying have studied )
97. I ----- my father tomorrow.  
(will meet meet am meeting will be meeting )

**Answers : will have / use to go / use / will join / driving / had developed / to study / doesn't play / circles / has forgotten / Does / don't / am studying / will meet**

98. They have ----- the law.  
( **broke break breaking broken** )
99. She ----- for two hours.  
( **had talked talked will talk has been talking** )
100. The police ----- people all week.  
( **interviewed have been interviewing will interview have interviewed** )
101. I ----- a movie yesterday.  
( **saw have seen see have been seen** )
102. I always ----- every morning when I was a student.  
( **exercise exercised exercising was exercising** )
103. I ----- French when I was a child.  
( **was studying study have studied studied** )
104. I ----- TV when she called  
( **was watching watched were watching have watched** )
105. While she ----- a letter the phone rang.  
( **wrote has written had written was writing** )
106. I ----- TV yesterday in the evening.  
( **was watching watched were watching have watched** )
107. By 1860, two men ----- climbing two mountains.  
( **will have finished has finished had finished finished** )
108. By the time the bus arrived, we ----- for an hour.  
( **had waited had been waiting will have waited waited** )
109. The year 2029 ----- a very interesting year.  
( **will has been had been will be** )
110. She ----- probably come back tomorrow.  
( **is will be has will** )
111. I think Brazil ----- the World Cup.  
( **have won won is going to win will win** )
112. She said that she ----- to the National gallery the week before.  
( **went will go had gone gone** )
113. An introductory grammar of Jordanian sign language----- in 2004.  
( **published was published had been published publishing** )
114. The television ----- by John loggie Baird.  
( **invented was invented is invented d- will be invented** )

**Answers : broken / has been talking / have been interviewing / saw / exercise / was studying / was watching / was writing / watched / had finished / had been waiting / will be / will / will win / had gone / was published / was invented**

115. A new vocational school ----- recently in my area.  
( **built**      **was built**      **has been built**      **is built** )
116. Different goods among the countries can be ----- by traders.  
( **transporting**      **transport**      **transported**      **transports** )
117. If you boil water, it ----- .  
( **will evaporate**      **evaporate**      **would evaporate**      **evaporates** )
118. If Sami studies hard, he ----- all his exams.  
( **pass**      **passes**      **will pass**      **would pass** )
119. If I ----- you, I would send a text message .  
( **was**      **were**      **am**      **had** )
120. I had my computer ----- .  
( **fix**      **fixes**      **fixing**      **fixed** )
121. I intend ----- English language.  
( **learn**      **learns**      **to learn**      **learning** )
122. I want ----- a tablet.  
( **to get**      **getting**      **will get**      **get** )
123. I can't afford ----- a computer at the moment.  
( **to buy**      **buying**      **must buy**      **going to buy** )
124. If Ali ----- his own computer, he wouldn't need to use his friend's computer.  
( **has**      **have**      **had had**      **had** )
125. Are you planning ----- shopping tomorrow ?  
( **to go**      **going**      **will go**      **goes** )
126. 53 . My grandparents didn't ----- emails when they were my age.  
( **used to send**      **use to send**      **used to send**      **use to sending** )
127. We always go to the market across the street, so we ----- fresh vegetables.  
( **are used to eating**      **are use to eat**      **used to eat**      **use to eating** )
128. This time next month, my parents ----- for twenty years.  
( **will marry**      **will have married**      **are going to marry**      **marry** )

**Answers : has been built / transported / will wvaporate / will pass / were / fixed / to learn / to get / to buy / had / to go / use to send / are used to eating / will have finished /**



**Complete each of the following items so that the new item has a similar meaning to the one before it , and write it down in your ANSWER BOOKLET.**

1. My neighbors' generosity impresses me more than anything else.

**The thing that** .....

2. It is not normal for American people to eat steak for lunch and dinner every day. It is expensive.

**American people** .....

3. Tala took three English courses in the British Council and then she went to Britain to study medicine .

**Before Tala** .....

4. . Taha Hussein is especially famous for his work in literature .

**It is** .....

5. I think you should check the spelling of the new learnt words in the dictionary.

**If I** .....

6. My parents have saved enough money to fund our university courses .

**Enough money** .....

7. "We will prepare a presentation about the usage of solar power in the area ."

**The students said** .....

8. It is normal for my friend now to send emails.

**My friend is** .....

9. The first athletic event for disabled athletes took place in 1948 CE .

**The year** .....

10. Safwan usually discharges my laptob .

**My laptop** .....

11. It is not normal for my grandfather to have nothing to do all day .

**My grandfather** .....

12. Petra was made a world heritage site in 1985 CE.

**The year** .....

13. Schools provided children with basic education.

**Safwan said** .....

14. It is normal for my younger brother to use his electronic dictionary.

**My younger brother** .....

15. The second world war ended in 1945 in Europe.

**The year** .....

16. Ghazal bought a new mobile last night  
**The time** .....
17. Tolai plays the piano in the cafe very well.  
**The place**.....
18. My husband bought a new flat from our neighbor last Saturday  
**The thing** .....
19. Yesterday I bought all the ingredients for a chocolate cake.  
**Huda told me** .....
20. Somebody has found my missing laptop.  
**My missing laptop** .....
21. It is normal for me now to get up early to study.  
**I am** .....
22. The Egyptians built **the pyramids**.  
**It was** .....
23. **Queen Rania** opened the Children’s Museum of Jordan in 2007 CE.  
**It was** .....
24. Perhaps Issa’s phone is broken.  
**Issa’s phone** .....
25. It isn’t necessary to switch off the screen.  
**You** .....
26. You are not allowed to touch this machine.  
**You** .....
27. I think you should send a text message.  
**If** .....
28. Ibn Sina was a polymath and is also known as Avicenna.  
**The person who** .....
29. He has written many books, but **his final book** made him famous all over the world.  
**He has written many books, but it** .....
30. Ali intends to finish his project tonight.  
**Ali is** .....
31. Mohammad checked his emails, and then he started work.  
**Before Mohammad** .....
32. Nobody invited Sameer to the party.  
**Sameer** .....
33. Our teacher told us that we should prepare well for the final exams".  
**Rahaf said that** .....

34. It is not necessary to watch the game tonight.  
**You** .....
35. Laila checked her spelling, and then she gave the treatise to her teacher.  
**After** .....
36. It is normal for me to run between 4to 5 km.  
**I** .....
37. “I shouldn’t waste my time arguing with stupid people.  
**Manal told me**.....
38. “The doctor detected a strange virus in my blood yesterday.  
**” Hani said that** .....
39. Jordan has signed free trade agreements with the USA and Japan.  
**Free trade agreements**.....
40. You are not allowed to tell anybody about this discovery.  
**You** .....
41. Perhaps Nawal is studying in the library now.  
**Nawal**.....
42. It is normal now for us to eat frozen meat.  
**We are**.....
43. My uncle spent most of his life in Spain.  
**The place** .....
44. Najwa annoys her neighbors with her drum.  
**The person** .....
45. **Neil Armstrong** was the first man to step on the moon in 1969.  
**It was**.....
46. Neil Armstrong stepped on the moon in 1969.  
**The year**.....
47. “I didn’t understand what you have just said.”  
**Majed told Huda**.....
48. You are not allowed to use a calculator in the exam.  
**You mustn’t**.....
49. It was a normal habit that I went to sleep at 9 p.m, but now I don’t.  
**I**.....
50. It wasn’t a normal habit for me to get up early  
**I** .....
51. It is not normal any more for me to speak English. .  
**I am**.....
52. After a few months, it was not normal any more for me to speak English.  
**I** .....

53. Mohammad studied several books. Later, he wrote the research paper.  
**Before**.....
54. They ate fish at the restaurant. Then, they began to feel sick.  
**After**.....
55. The company had sent the new employees on a training course.  
**The new employees** .....
56. The earthquake has killed several people.  
**Several people**.....
57. Rami found it was normal to work at night.  
**Rami** .....
58. It is not normal for me to spend Fridays at home.  
**I am**.....
59. "You have taught me very important things in life."  
**Amira told her father that**.....
60. The police stopped two men last night for being suspects of the crime.  
**Two men**.....
61. It was a normal for me to wake up early when I was a child.  
**I used to**.....
62. It was not normal for me to wake up early.  
**I** .....
63. Ali won the world heavyweight championship in 1964.  
**The person**.....
64. Henry Ford produced inexpensive cars for all people.  
**It was Henry Ford**.....
65. My uncle visited Paris in 2008.  
**It was 2008**.....
66. Our teacher told us about the dangers of the Internet yesterday.  
**Farida said** .....
67. My father used to play football when he was young.  
**My father didn't** .....
68. It is normal for Salma to play the oud now.  
**Salma is**.....
69. I just got glasses this week. It is not normal for me to wear them, so I'm still having difficulty.  
**I am not**.....
70. Amer hopes to become a teacher one day.  
**Amer is**.....
71. Do you intend to buy tickets for the play?  
**Are you** .....

72. The Great Mosque in Cordoba was built in 784 CE.  
**The year**.....
73. Al-Jazari invented the mechanical clock in the twelfth century.  
**The thing**.....
74. Jabir bin Hayyan did his research in a laboratory in Iraq.  
**The country** .....
75. **The heat** made the journey unpleasant.  
**It was** .....
76. Perhaps Manal is not happy with her new job. (might)  
**Manal**.....
77. It isn't necessary to bring your passport. (have)  
**You**.....
78. You are not allowed to open this file. (must)  
**You**.....
79. I think you should revise well for your exams. (would)  
**If** .....
80. Rami sent me a message, then he visited me. (before)  
**Before Rami** .....
81. Sami studied Physics at the University of Jordan. (who)  
**It** .....
82. I was born in 1997. (when)  
**The year**.....
83. The Second World War ended in 1945. (when)  
**It** .....
84. We buy all our needs from Mecca Mall. (where)  
**It**.....
85. Manal met her husband in France. (where).  
**The place**.....
86. It is normal for me now to live in such a hot weather. (used to)  
**I am**.....
87. I think you should look for a new job. (would)  
**If I**.....
88. Our teacher explained the grammatical rule, then he gave us a quiz. (before)  
**Our teacher had** .....
89. It is possible that Sami is in the library now. (might)  
**Sami**.....
90. Someone broke the window of my car last night. (was)  
**The window of my car** .....

91. It is not necessary to wear a suit for the meeting. (have)  
**You**.....
92. You aren't allowed to enter this room. (must)  
**You**.....
93. My mother made a delicious cake for us last night.  
**The person**.....
94. My mother made **a delicious cake** for us last night.  
**It** .....
95. Sami uses the Internet to find information about anything.  
**The thing**.....
96. **Sami** uses the Internet to find information about anything.  
**It**.....
97. Ahmad's car was stolen **yesterday**.  
**It**.....
98. **Ahmad's car** was stolen yesterday.  
**It**.....
99. Ahmad doesn't speak Chinese well.  
**The language**.....
100. My parents arrived in London on Friday.  
**The day**.....
101. "I can install this condition in a suitable place."  
**The technician man told me**.....
102. "My husband has been helping me to overcome the problem."  
**The woman said that**.....
103. "It is likely that all aspects of everyday life will rely on a computer program."  
**He said that**.....
104. "I connected to the Internet last night and communicated with my friends."  
**Firas told me that**.....
105. "We are planning to introduce computer technology in the classroom."  
**The Minister said that**.....
106. "We are going to Ajloun to visit its castle."  
**I told my father that**.....
107. "People must turn on privacy settings on social media."  
**A computer expert said that**.....
108. "I'm making a trip to Wadi Rum next week."  
**Rawan said that**.....
109. "I never give out personal information on the Internet."  
**Amer told me**.....

## Answers

1. **The thing that** impresses me more than anything else is My neighbors' generosity.
2. **American people** aren't used to eating steak for lunch and dinner every day. It is expensive
3. **Before Tala** went to Britain to study medicine, she had taken English courses in the British Council
4. **It is** Taha Hussein who is especially famous for his work in literature .
5. **If I** were you , I would check the spelling of the new learnt words in the dictionary.
6. **Enough money** has been saved
7. **The students said** They would prepare a presentation about the usage of solar power in the area .
8. **My friend is** used to sending emails.
9. **The year** when The first athletic event for disabled athletes took place in was 1948 CE .
10. **My laptop** is discharged
11. **My grandfather** is used to having nothing to do all day
12. **The year** when Petra was made a world heritage site in was 1985 CE.
13. **Safwan said** Schools had provided children with basic education.
14. **My younger brother** is used to using his electronic dictionary.
15. **The year** when The second world war ended in was 1945 in Europe.
16. **The time** when Ghazal bought a new mobile was last night
17. **The place** where Tolai plays the piano very well is in the cafe.
18. **The thing** which My husband bought from our neighbor last Saturday was a new flat
19. **Huda told me** The day before she had bought all the ingredients for a chocolate cake.
20. **My missing laptop** has been found
21. **I am** used to getting. up early to study.
22. **It was** the pyramids which The Egyptians built.
23. **It was** Queen Rania who opened the Children's Museum of Jordan in 2007 CE.
24. **Issa's phone** might be broken
25. **You** don't have to switch off the screen.
26. **You** mustn't touch this machine.
27. **If I** were you , I would send a text message.
28. **The person who** was a polymath and is also known as Avicenna was Ibn Sina

29. **He has written many books, but it** his final book which made him famous all over the world.
30. **Ali is** going to finish his project tonight.
31. **Before Mohammad** started work he had checked his emails
32. **Sameer** wasn't invented
33. **Rahaf said that** their teacher had told them that they should prepare well for the final exams".
34. **You** don't have to watch the game tonight
35. **After** Laila had checked her spelling, she gave the treatise to her teacher.
36. **I** am used to running between 4to 5 km
37. **Manal told me** she shouldn't waste her time arguing with stupid people.
38. **Hani said that** the doctor had detected a strange virus in his blood the day before.
39. **Free trade agreements** have been signed
40. **You** mustn't tell anybody about this discovery..
41. **Nawal** might be studying in the library now..
42. **We are** used to eating frozen meat.
43. **The place** when My uncle spent most of his life in was Spain.
44. **The person** who annoys her neighbors with her drum is Najwa.
45. **It was** Neil Armstrong who was the first man to step on the moon in 1969.
46. **The year** when Neil Armstrong stepped on the moon in was 1969.
47. **Majed told Huda** he didn't understand what she had just had said."
48. **You** mustn't use a calculator in the exam.
49. **I** used to sleep at 9 p.m, but now I don't..
50. **I** didn't use to get up early
51. **I** am used to speaking English. .
52. **I** didn't use to speak English.
53. **Before** Mohammad wrote the research paper, he had studied several books.
54. **After** they had eaten fish at the restaurant, they began to feel sick.
55. **The new employees** had been sent.
56. **Several people** have been killed
57. **Rami** used to work at night.
58. **I** am used to spending Fridays at home..
59. **Amira told her father that** he have taught her very important things in life."
60. **Two men** were stopped.
61. **I** used to wake up early when I was a child.



62. I didn't use to wake up early.
63. **The person** who won the world heavyweight championship in 1964 was Ali
64. It was **Henry Ford** who produced inexpensive cars for all people.
65. It was **2008** when My uncle visited Paris in was 2008.
66. **Farida said** their teacher had told them about the dangers of the Internet the day before.
67. **My father didn't** use to play football when he was young..
68. **Salma is** used to plaing the oud now
69. **I am not** used to wearing them so I'm still having difficulty..
70. **Amer is** going to become a teacher one day.
71. **Are you** going to buy tickets for the play?
72. **The year** when The Great Mosque in Cordoba was built in was 784 CE.
73. **The thing** which Al-Jazari invented in the twelfth century was the mechanical clock.
74. **The country** where Jabir ibn Hayyan did his research in a laboratory in was Iraq.
75. **It was** The heat which made the journey unpleasant.
76. **Manal** might not be happy with her new job..
77. **You don't** have to bring your passport..
78. **You mustn't** open this file.
79. **If I were you** , I would revise well for your exams.
80. **Before Rami** . visited me, he had sent me a message
81. It was Sami who studied Physics at the University of Jordan.
82. **The year** when I was born in was 1997
83. It was 1945 when The Second World War ended in..
84. It is Mecca Mall where We buy all our needs from.
85. **The place** where Manal met her husband in was France.
86. **I am** used to living in such a hot weather.
87. **If I were you** , I would look for a new job..
88. **Our teacher had** explained the grammatical rule before he gave us a quiz
89. **Sami** might be in the library now.
90. **The window of my car** was broken.
91. **You don't** have to wear a suit for the meeting.
92. **You mustn't** enter this room..
93. **The person** who made a delicious cake for us last night was My mother
94. It was a delicious cake which my mother made for us last night.
95. **The thing** which Sami uses to find information about anything is the Internet.

96. **It** is Sami who uses the Internet to find information about anything.
97. **It** was yesterday when Ahmad's car was stolen.
98. **It** was Ahmad's car which was stolen yesterday.
99. **The language** which Ahmad doesn't speak well is Chinese.
100. **The day** when My parents arrived in London on was Friday.
101. **The technician man told me** he could install that condition in a suitable place."
102. **The woman said that** her husband had been helping her to overcome the problem."
103. **He said that** It was likely that all aspects of everyday life would rely on a computer program."
104. **Firas told me that** he had connected to the Internet the night before and had communicated with his friends.
105. **The Minister said that** they were planning to introduce computer technology in the classroom."
106. **I told my father that** they were going to Ajloun to visit its castle."
107. **A computer expert said that** People had to turn on privacy settings on social media."
108. **Rawan said that** she was making a trip to Wadi Rum the week after."
109. **Amer told me** he never gave out personal information on the Internet."

cry , forgive , learn , move on ,  
let your tears water the seeds of  
your future happiness

## Guided writing

Disadvantages of having too many cars on road

Make accident.  
Cause a traffic jams.  
Consume much energy.

There are many العنوان such as النقطة الاولى and النقطة الثانية . Also, النقطة الثالثة as well as النقطة الرابعة .

يجب ان نضع للفعل في كل نقطة ing واذا كان العنوان يحتوي على the فإنها تحذف

**Answer:**

There are many **Disadvantages of having too many cars on road** such as **making accident** and **causing a traffic jams**. Also, **consuming much energy**

The impact of the art on learning

Change the learning environment.  
Provide challenges to students  
Teach students to become self-directed learners  
Teach students ways and methods not normally used

تذكر ان the تحذف من العنوان وتذكر ان تضع للفعل اول الجملة ing

### How to sleep the night before the exam

Forget all about exam

Do light exercise

Have some milk

Go to bed early

There are many ( ways – How مع استبدال ) such as النقطة الاولى and النقطة الثانية. Also, النقطة الثالثة as well as النقطة الرابعة.

### How to learn young people the basic of Glassblowing

show them demonstration

Launch workshops

participate them in galleries

Why do people use internet website

Buy things

Book holidays

Access bank ccount

There are many ( reasons العنوان مبتدأ بـ )such as النقطة الاولى and النقطة الثانية.  
Also, النقطة الثالثة as well as النقطة الرابعة.

Name : Mahmoud Darwish

Data (born and died ):1942-2008

Professions : poet and author

Achievement : leaves of olives and wingless bird

اسم الشخص , who was born in مكان او تاريخ الولادة and died in مكان او تاريخ الوفاة , was  
الانجازات . His achievement/s was/were المهارات .

**Answer:**

Mahmoud Darwish , who was born in 1942 and died in 2008 , was poet and author. His achievements were leaves of olives and wingless bird.

**Read the information below, and write two sentences about the advantages and disadvantages of doing voluntary work while you are still a student. Use appropriate linking words.**

- \* practical experience.
- \* future career choices.
- \* interviews and your curriculum vitae

**There are many ( about العنوان من بعد ) such as النقطة الاولى and النقطة الثانية.  
Also, النقطة الثالثة as well as النقطة الرابعة.**

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**Read the information below, and write two sentences about the advantages of learning another language.**

- \* improve memory
- \* present the brain with unique challenges
- \* improve decision-making skills
- \* make you a better speaker and writer in your own language.

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### What one can do in a free time

Visiting culture locations  
Exercising and playing sport  
Going shopping  
Spending time with friends

There are many ( things – what استبدال ) such as النقطة الاولى and النقطة الثانية. Also, النقطة الثالثة as well as النقطة الرابعة.

### What we should make our job successful

Be accurak with your dates  
Follow the roles of the job  
Present a new ideas to add improvements to the job  
Show flexibility with other employees

**Location:** Ajloun Governorate, Jordan

**Date of building:** 1184 CE

**Built by:** Ezz-Edin Osama

**Purpose of building:** To protect transportation roads and defend against crusaders campaigns.

هدف البناء , اسم الباني by تاريخ بناء الموقع , اسم الموقع

Ajloun Governorate, Jordan , which was built in 1184 CE by Ezz-Edin Osama , was To protect transportation roads and defend against crusaders campaigns.

Read the information in the table below , and then in your ANSWER BOOKLET write two sentences using all the given notes below about the Giralda tower. Use the appropriate linking words .

- Location : Seville ,Spain .
- Date of construction : 1198 CE.
- The designer : Jabir ibn Aflah.
- Description of the building : 104 metres tall

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**Name** Jabir Ibn Hayyan  
**Place / Date of birth** Iraq, 722 CE  
**Place / Date of death** Damascus, 815 CE  
**Profession** chemist  
**Achievement** - produced sulphuric acid  
- built a set of scales to weigh items.

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**Name:** Ahmad Zewail.  
**Date (born and died):** (1946 – 2016)  
**Professions:** an Egyptian-American scientist  
**Achievements:** the Nobel Prize in Chemistry in 1999.

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**Read the information in the table below, and then in your ANSWER BOOKLET, write two sentences about the dangers associated with spending much time on computers. Use the appropriate linking words such as: and, too.... etc..**

**Dangers associated with spending much time on computers**

- hurt your eyes.
- cause headaches.
- damage your hands and arms.
- affect real socializing.

**Read the information in the table below, and then in your ANSWER BOOKLET, write two sentences about reasons of emigration Use the appropriate linking. .etc.... too, and: as such words**

- find a better life.
- make money.
- escape from natural disasters.
- Study in reputable educational institutions.

**How to have a fit and healthy body?**

- walk half an hour every day.
- eat less fat and calories.
- do exercises daily.
- sleep between 7-8 hours every night.

## Writing

The aim of this essay is to discuss about اسم الموضوع from its all sides.

I think that اسم الموضوع is a very important subject to talk about in detail because it has a strong relation and effect with our life. However, no one can deny that اسم الموضوع has a great influence on our society and needs interest. As a consequence, we should be aware of using اسم الموضوع . It can lead to good results if we work hard and cooperate with each other.

Finally, I'd like to say that I hope I have given enough and useful information about اسم الموضوع suggesting good ideas and views that help to take it into consideration to find the best effective solution for it .

**It always seems that real life is about to begin, but every time there was a ordeal to overcome, an obstacle in the way must be passed, the work to be done, religion must be paid, and time must be spent, so life begins, but I finally came to understand that these things were Life is ....**

دائما يبدو بان الحياة الحقيقية هي على وشك ان تبدأ ولكن في كل مرة كان هناك محنة يجب تجاوزها, عقبة في الطريق يجب عبورها , عمل يجب انجازه ,دين يجب دفعه , ووقت يجب صرفه ,كي تبدأ الحياة ولكني اخيرا بدأت افهم بان هذه الامور كانت هي الحياة

Abeer .Y athreh

اعلم بأن فترة التوجيهي صعبة جدا على الجميع لكنها سنة تستطيع من خلالها تحديد من يقدرك فعلا ومن سيقف بجانبك وتحدد ايضا ماهيتك. لكن كن على ثقة بأن من حولك يريدونك دائما في القاع لتكن بينهم بإستثناء اهلك . اهلك هم من يساندونك دوما وليس الاصدقاء .. كن دائما في القمة لكي ترى العالم من منظور اخر .. ودائما النجاح يتطلب تعب ومجهود وستتألم في البداية فقط لان الم الدراسة لحظة وينتهي ولكن الم فقدانها سيستمر معك طوال الحياة ...

**الم الدراسة لحظة وينتهي**

**لكن اهمالها الم يستمر مدى الحياة**