

2019

# 7th English Guide Dossier Unit ((4)) Action Pack

الدليل اللغة الانجليزية الصف السابع الاعدادي  
(((((7 الوحدة))))))

معاني المفردات المهمة المعلمة بالأسود + معاني كلمات الضرورية تحتها خط +  
معاني الكلمات الأخرى + الاشتقاقات المهمة. أسئلة نموذجية وافية للقطع النصية  
والقواعد والمفردات بما فيها ملحق التعبير.

معاني المفردات المهمة المعلمة بالأسود + معاني كلمات الضرورية تحتها خط +  
معاني الكلمات الأخرى + الاشتقاقات المهمة. أسئلة نموذجية وافية للقطع النصية  
والقواعد والمفردات بما فيها ملحق التعبير.



[Anas27almasri@gmail.com](mailto:Anas27almasri@gmail.com)

<http://Facebook.com/anas27almasri>

Tele: 0786271595



[www.englishprivatetutor.business.site/](http://www.englishprivatetutor.business.site/)

## WONDERS OF THE ANCIENT WORLD P42

<https://www.awa2el.net/ar/user/14059/files>

*Anas AL-Massri*

English for All Ages

2/20/2019



Wonders	عجائب	Ancient	قديم	Tomb	قبر
Bury	يدفن	Archaeologist	عالم آثار	Explore	يستكشف
Monument	صرح، نصب حضاري	Location	موقع	Vote	يُصَوِّت
Construct	يُنشئ	Gain	يكسب	Nabateans	الأنباط
Civilisation	حضارة	Attract	يجذب	Unique	فريد - مميز
Traveler	مسافر - متنقل	Historian	مؤرخ	Buyer	شاري
Seller	بائع	Journey	نزهة	Famous	مشهور
Visitor	زائر	Centre	مركز	Expect	يتوقع
Greek	يوناني	Receive	يتلقى - يستقبل	Disappear	يختفي
Discover	يكشف	Future	مستقبل	Appear	يظهر
Choose	يختار	Interest v, n	يهتم - اهتمام		
Babylon	بابل	Become	يصبح	<b>Modern</b> adj.	حديث
Citizen	مواطن	Rich	غني	Century	قرن = 100 سنة
Area	منطقة	Hard n, adv.	صعب، صلب - باجتهاد	<b>Available</b> adj.	متوفر
<b>Various</b> adj.	متنوع				
Lose	يفقد	Glory	مجد	Pyramid	اهرام
Build	يبني	Decide	يقرر	Search	يبحثون
Busy	مشغول	different	مختلف	History	تاريخ
Describe	يصف	Mentioned	المذكورة	Were created	أُنشئت

Middle East	الشرق الأوسط				
Shape	شكل	Triangle	مثلث	Condition	حالة
Underground	تحت الأرض	<u>Deserve</u>	تستحق	Main	رئيسي
Characteristic	صفة مميزة	Consider	يعتبر		
Sub.+ V <sub>2</sub> + obj.	ماضي بسيط	Be present	Is, am, are	Be past	Was, were

The ancient wonders:

The Hanging Gardens of Babylon in Iraq; the Great Pyramids of Giza and the Lighthouse of Alexandria in Egypt. They are thousands of years old.

Match the following words to Their definitions.

a. historical	1. It is something from the past.
b. pyramid	2. It is a location below the ground.
c. underground	3. It means something very special.
d. to disappear	4. It means to be lost.
e. unique	5. It is a triangle-shaped building.

Ancient

wonders

bury

archaeologists

explore

monuments

- 1) Petra was voted one of the new Seven \_\_\_\_\_ of the World.
- 2) I'm working on a project about the wonders of the \_\_\_\_\_ world.
- 3) The Egyptians used the pyramids as \_\_\_\_\_ to **bury** their kings.
- 4) \_\_\_\_\_ are people who study old places.
- 5) Archaeologists **explore** the ancient world. They study old \_\_\_\_\_ and **locations**.

Historians

Travellers

buyers

sellers

journeys

famous

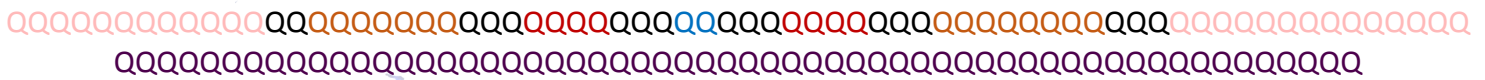
visitors

Centre

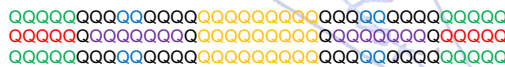
- 1 \_\_\_\_\_ like to visit new and different places.
- 2 \_\_\_\_\_ learn about locations of the ancient world.
- 3 The markets were very busy with \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_.
- 4 People started to write about their \_\_\_\_\_.
- 5 And here we are, in one of Jordan's \_\_\_\_\_ historical locations.
- 6 The cities opened their doors to all \_\_\_\_\_.
- 7 Jordan was a \_\_\_\_\_ for travellers from all around the world.
  - \_\_\_\_\_ know a lot about history and write about it.
  - \_\_\_\_\_ is a long trip from one place to another.
  - \_\_\_\_\_ describes someone who is very well known.

Visit      tomb      wonder      ancient      archaeologist      traveller      journey

1. A \_\_\_\_\_ is the place where people are buried.
2. I would like to \_\_\_\_\_ all the wonders of the world, one day.
3. An \_\_\_\_\_ studies old places and monuments.
4. A \_\_\_\_\_ is a long trip from one place to another.
5. The Great Pyramid of Giza is considered a \_\_\_\_\_ of the world.
6. Petra is an \_\_\_\_\_ city that was built many years ago.
7. A \_\_\_\_\_ is a person who goes to different countries and places.



Today is a very important day for Jordan. A lot of people voted for Petra to be one of the new Seven Wonders of the World. The name Petra comes from the Greek word **rock**. The city received its name because its people, the Nabateans, constructed it from the land's stones in the 2nd century BCE. Centuries after the Nabatean civilization disappeared, archaeologists rediscovered the city in the 1800s. Recently, Petra gained its place as one of the top locations in the world. It will attract thousands of visitors who will come to explore this unique site in the future.



- 1) How did the city of Petra get its name?
- 2) In which century did archaeologists rediscover Petra?
- 3) When was Petra chosen to be one of the new Seven Wonders?
- 4) Why do you think people from all over the world voted for Petra?

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---



A long time ago, people liked to visit new and different places. Jordan was an important place with a rich history. It was a centre for travellers from all around the world. Many people visited it and the markets were very busy with buyers and sellers. People started to write about what they saw in their journeys across the land. They made a list to describe the best places in the world to visit. Anyone who wanted to see new and beautiful locations around the world visited the areas mentioned in the list. This is how the list of the Seven Wonders of the world was created.



- 1) Why was Jordan an important place in ancient times?
- 2) Why did many people in the past travel around the land?
- 3) How was the list of the Seven Wonders of the world created?
- 4) In your opinion, why is it important to study ancient places?

# PAST SIMPLE

Subject + V<sub>2</sub> + Object  
 ↓ ↓ ↓  
 Sami played football

فاعل	+	الفعل الماضي	+	المفعول به
He		went		camping
She				
It				
We				
You				
They				

الفعل النظامي لتحويله إلى الماضي نضيف بنهايته الحرفين (ed)

(النفى)	فاعل	+	didn't V <sub>1</sub> (فعل مضارع مجرّد)	+	المفعول به
(Negative)	He		didn't go		camping

مفعول + الفعل الأساسي بالمضارع المجرّد + فاعل + did + كلمة السؤال (السؤال)

(Question)

Where did he go camping?

- عند إضافة (ed) للفعل النظامي المنتهي ب y قبلها حرف صامت (ساكن غير علة) تُقلب y إلى i ثم نضيف ed .

- بوجود الفعل المساعد (did) في أي جملة (نفي أو السؤال) يكون الفعل الأساسي بالتصريف الأول V<sub>1</sub> (مصدر أو

مضارع مجرّد من أحرف الزيادة: ed, ing, s)

- يُستخدم الماضي البسيط للتحدث عن حدثٍ حدث في الماضي مع ذكر زمن حدوثه.

- Three years ago, two minutes ago, in 1999, in 2010, yesterday, last week, last month,

Disib  
Anas Al-Masri